

The Future on a Chip: Exploring Photonic Integrated Circuits

Yazan Lampert¹, Aleksei Gaier¹, Amirhassan Shams-Ansari²,
Alessandro Tomasino¹, Francesco Bertot¹, Shima Rajabali^{1,2}, Marko Loncar²,
Cristina Benea-Chelmus¹

¹Hybrid Photonics Laboratory (HYLAB), EPFL

²Laboratory of Nano-optics, Harvard University



Applications of integrated photonic circuits

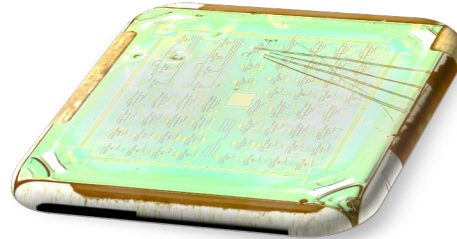
High-performance computing



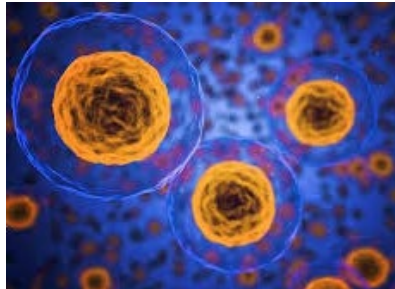
Atomic clocks for timing



Telecom



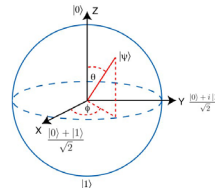
Sensing
Biosensing



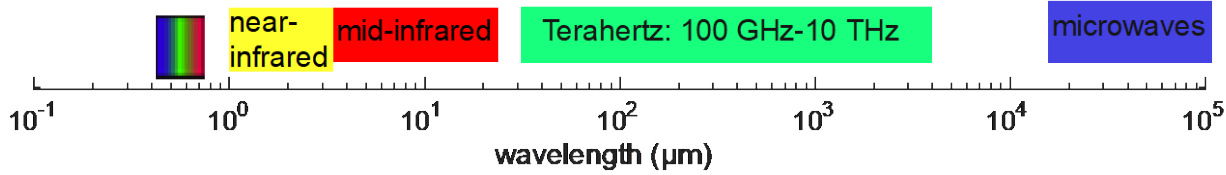
Aerospace &
High-end instrumentation



Quantum technologies



Applications of integrated photonic circuits



Atomic physics

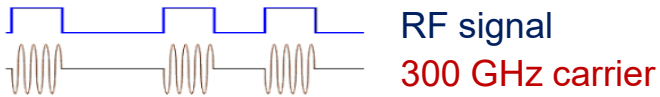
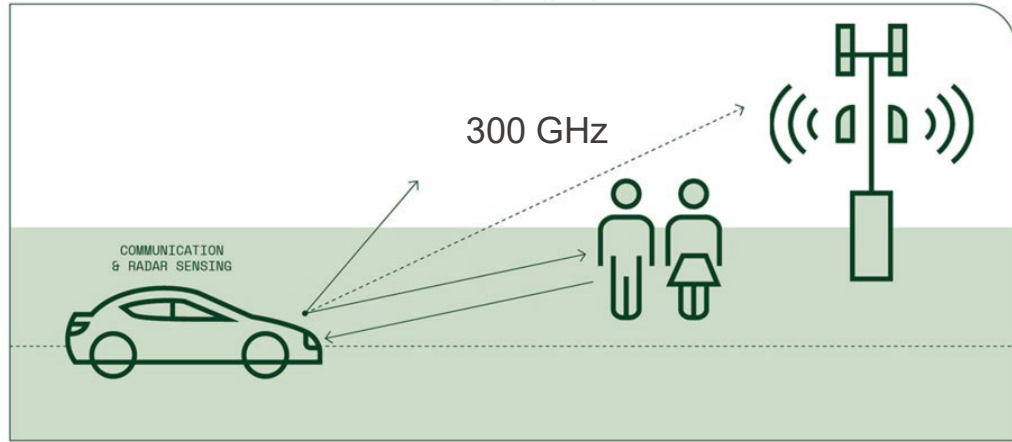
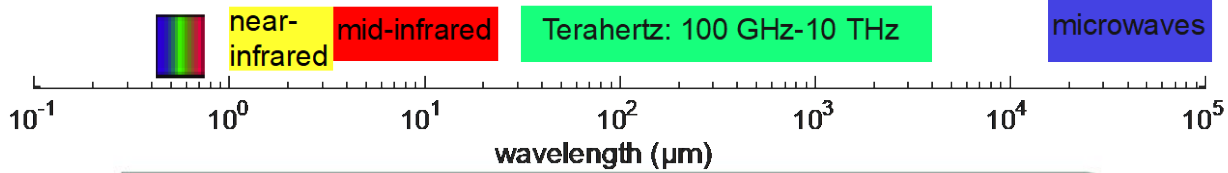
sensing

Communications/high-end

computing

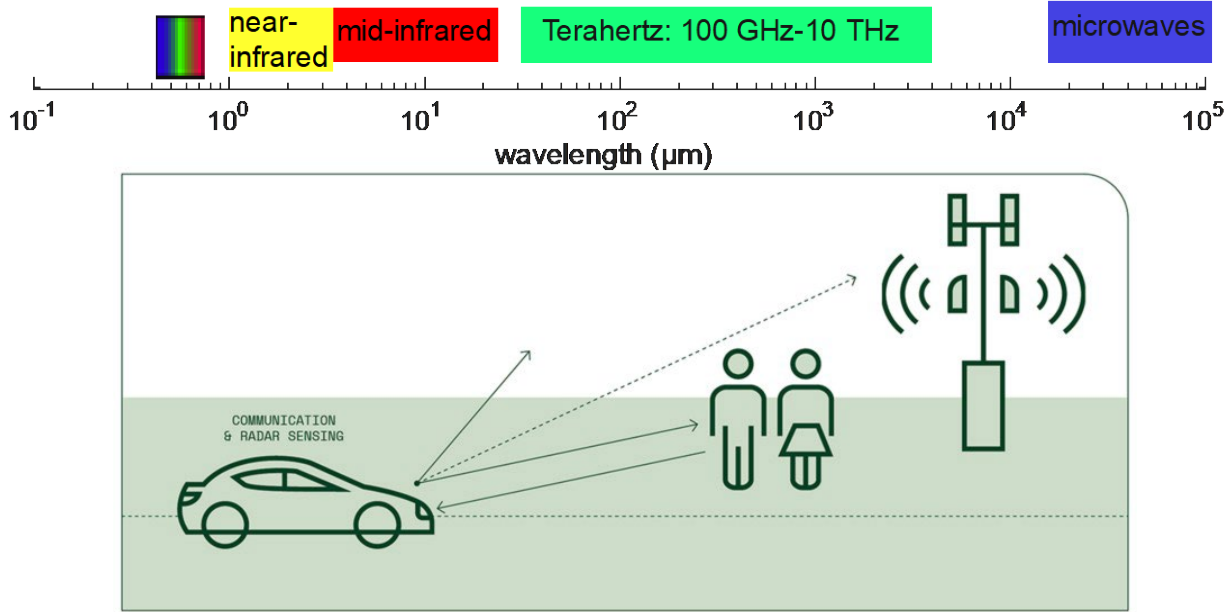
quantum

Vision of 6G : joint communication, sensing and localisation



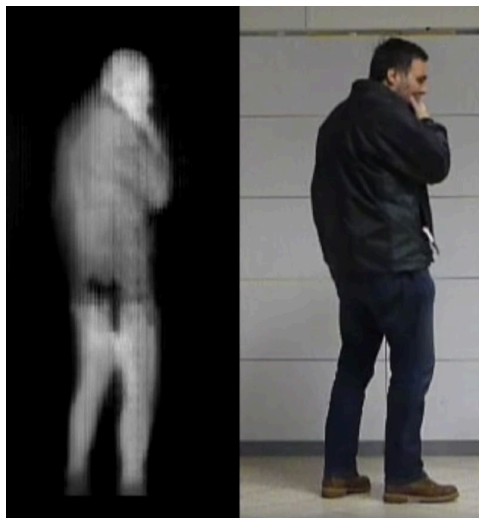
On-off keying: bits on = 1 and off = 0

Vision of 6G : joint communication, sensing and localisation



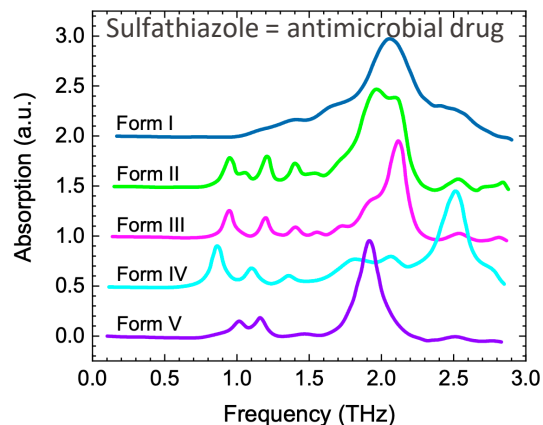
- Communications:
 - means to modulate THz in amplitude and phase
 - Versatile detectors with high SNR
- Sensing: frequency-domain capabilities
- Time of flight: time-domain capabilities

Terahertz imaging



Sequestim/Cardiff Univ.

Conformation of molecules



Free-space applications from 100 GHz to 3 THz.

Current state of commercial products

electronics approach

photonics approach



Multiplier chains (e.g. 27 x 11 GHz)

- Needs an RF source
- Loses power with THz frequency (multiplication)

Current state of commercial products

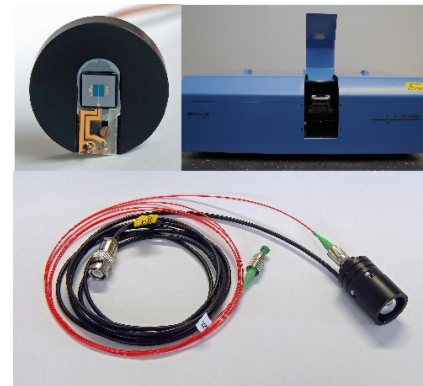
electronics approach



Multiplier chains (e.g. 27 x 11 GHz)

- Needs an RF source
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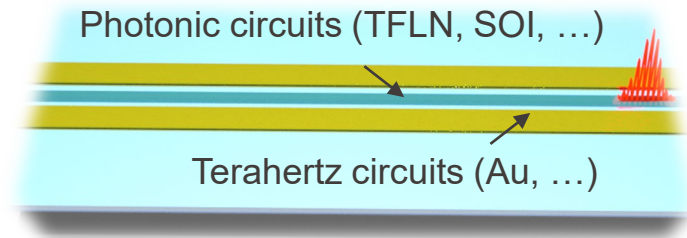
photonics approach



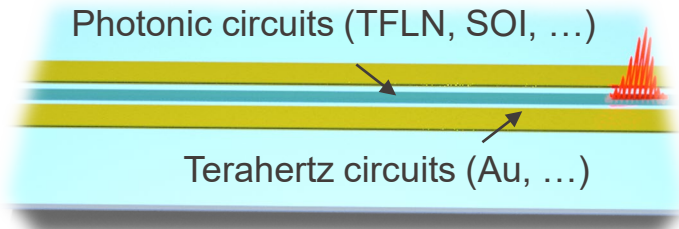
Photoconductive antennas

- Loses power with THz frequency (RC time constant)

Photonics-integrated terahertz circuits @ EPFL

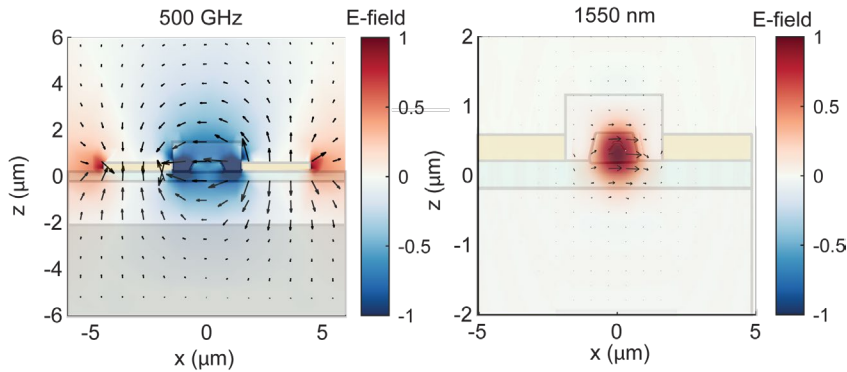


Photonics-integrated terahertz circuits @ EPFL

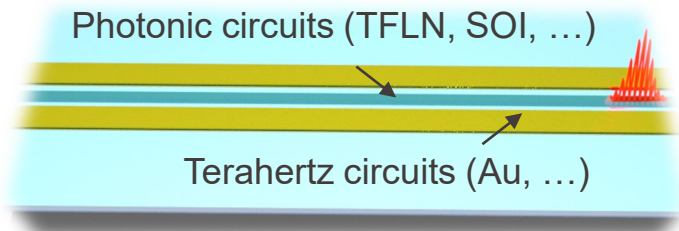


Free choice of geometry!

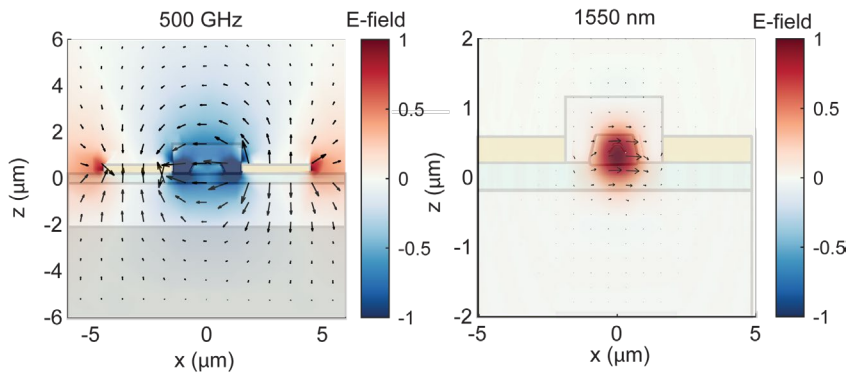
■ INTEGRATED TERAHERTZ PHOTONICS



Photonics-integrated terahertz circuits @ EPFL

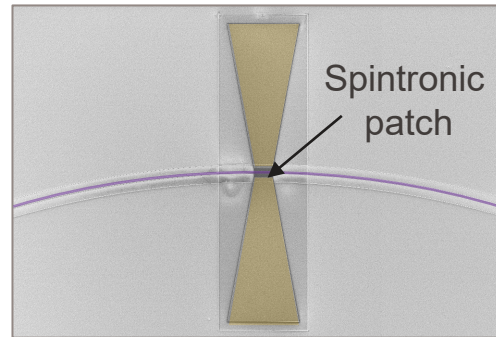
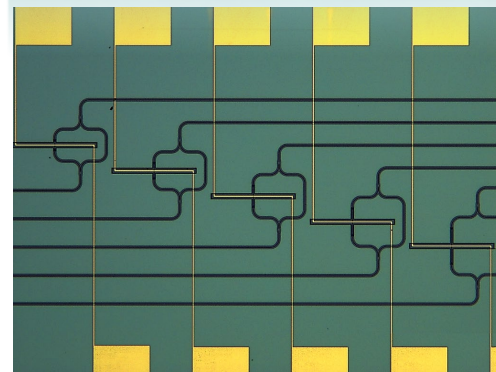
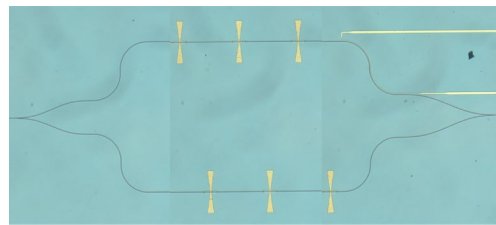


- **Dispersion engineering** of THz and optical (detection and generation efficiency, ...)
- **Ultrawide analog bandwidth** of photonics
- **Fiber components** in the telecom for:
 - **Modulation,**
 - **parallelisation,**
 - **Compactness**
- **Nonlinear optics:**
 - **Frequency conversion**

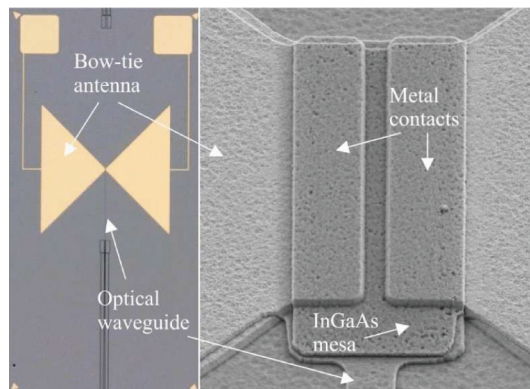


- THz platforms under investigation

1. Thin-film lithium niobate (TFLN)
2. Hybrid silicon-organic plasmonic integrated circuits
3. Spintronic emitters on silicon-on-insulator

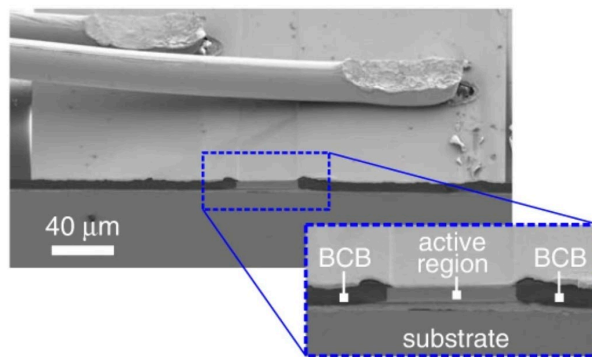


Integrated photoconductive technologies



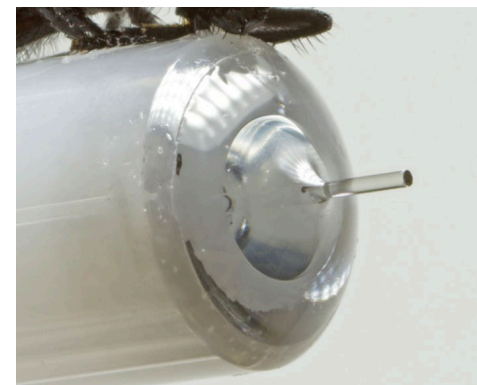
[1]

QCL-on-polymer



[2]

Fiber-tip spintronic



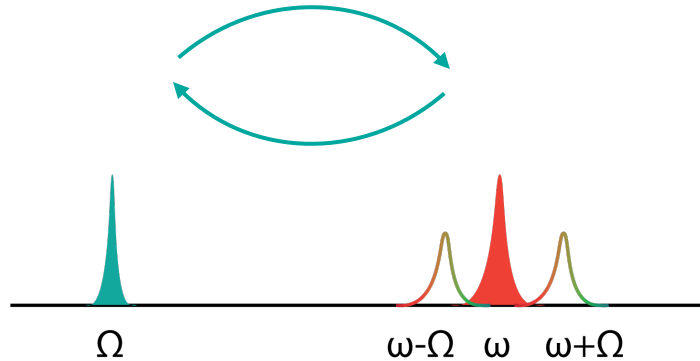
[3]

[1] M. Deumer et al., "Waveguide-integrated photoconductive THz receivers," 2022 47th International Conference on Infrared, Millimeter and Terahertz Waves (IRMMW-THz), Delft, Netherlands, 2022, pp. 1-2, doi: 10.1109/IRMMW-THz50927.2022.9895580.

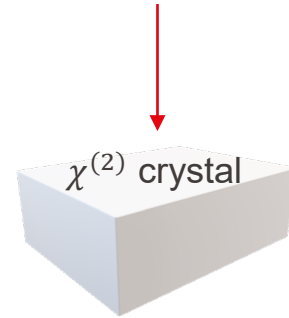
[2] Senica, U., Forrer, A., Olariu, T. *et al.* Planarized THz quantum cascade lasers for broadband coherent photonics. *Light Sci Appl* **11**, 347 (2022).

[3] <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2305.01365.pdf> (2023)

Making light interact with light



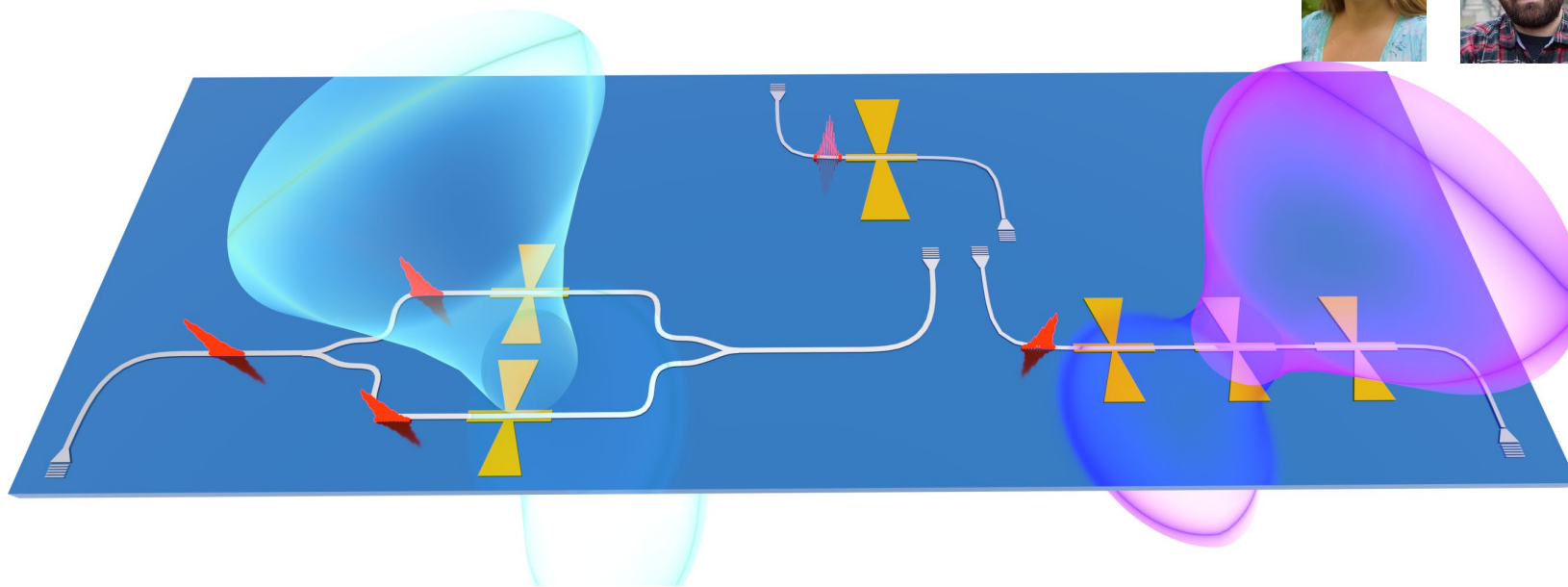
$$E(t) = E_p e^{i\omega t} + E_{THz} e^{i\Omega t}$$



Coherent process: phase, amplitude and frequency information is preserved.

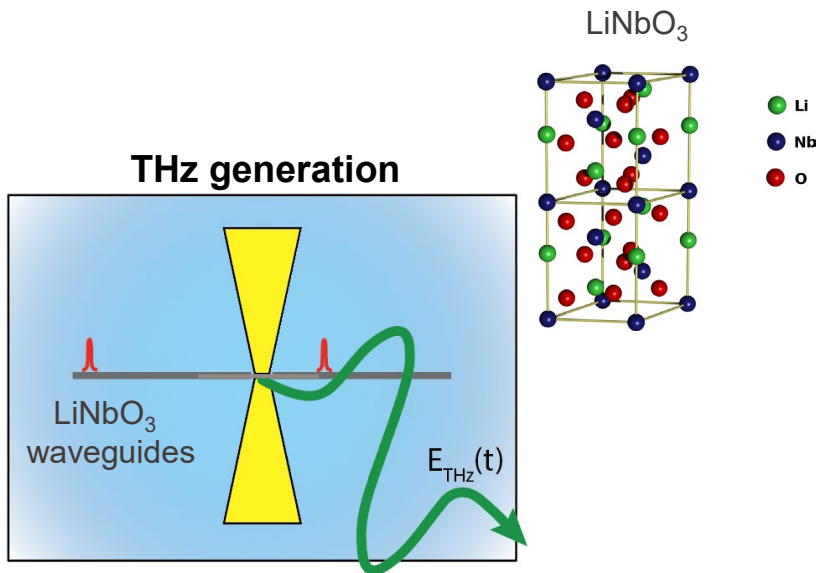
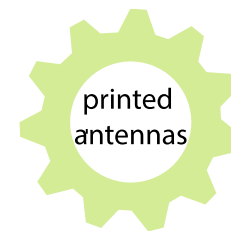
Manley-Rowe limit: efficiency scales with frequency! $\eta = \frac{\Omega_{THz}}{\omega}$

Develop one single platform for both detection and generation!

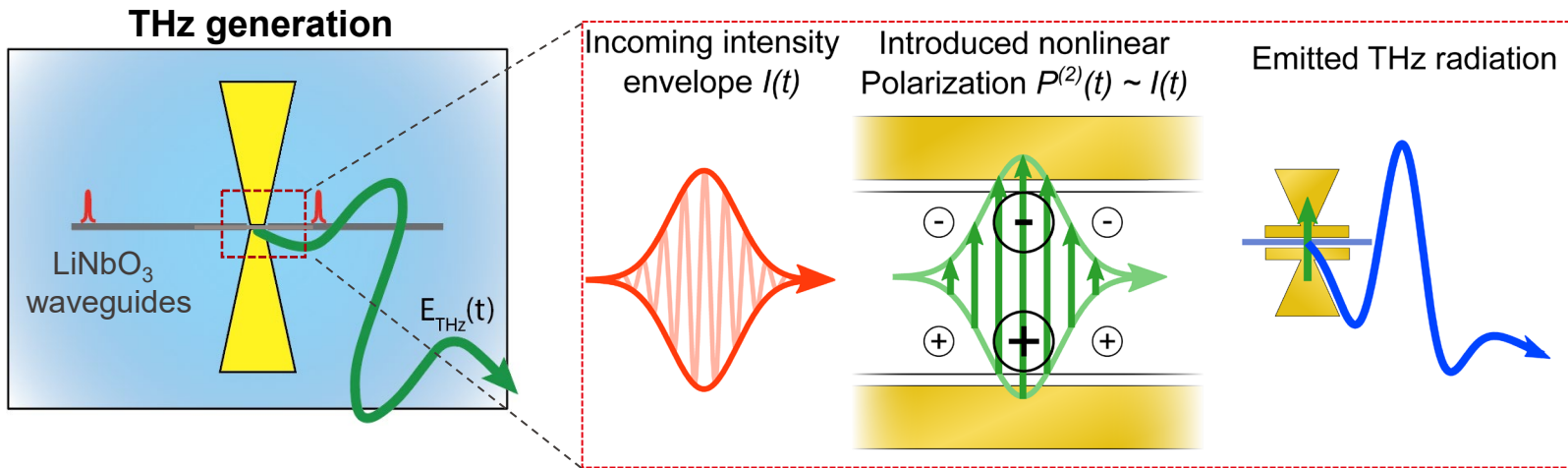


1. Arbitrary waveform synthesis

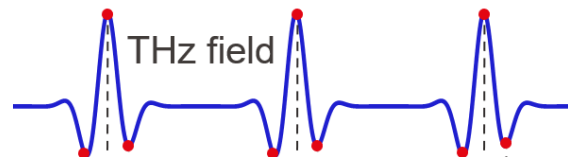
Basic device concept



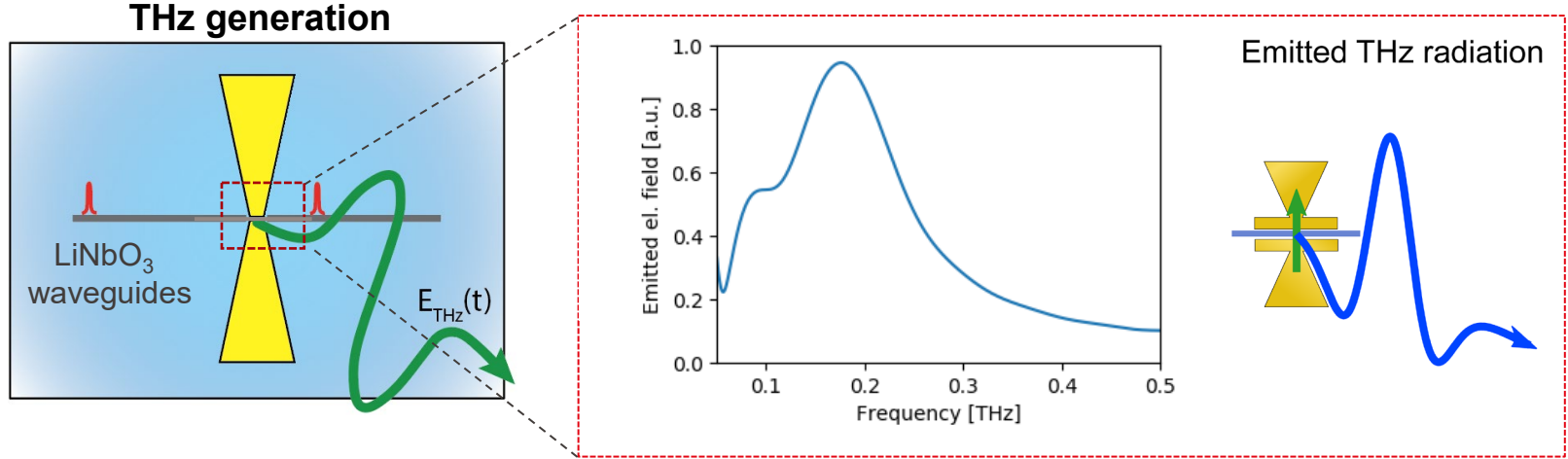
Monolithic lithium niobate photonic circuits for terahertz
Optimized for low loss



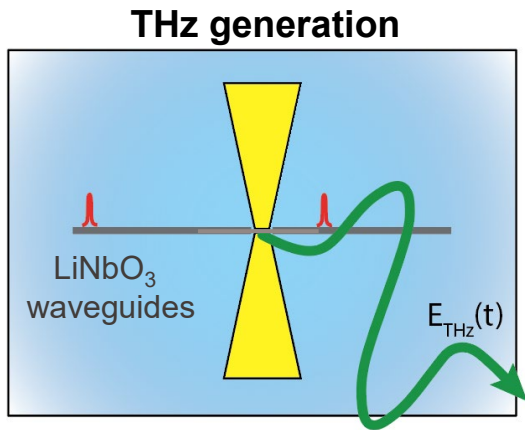
Phase-locked THz generation!



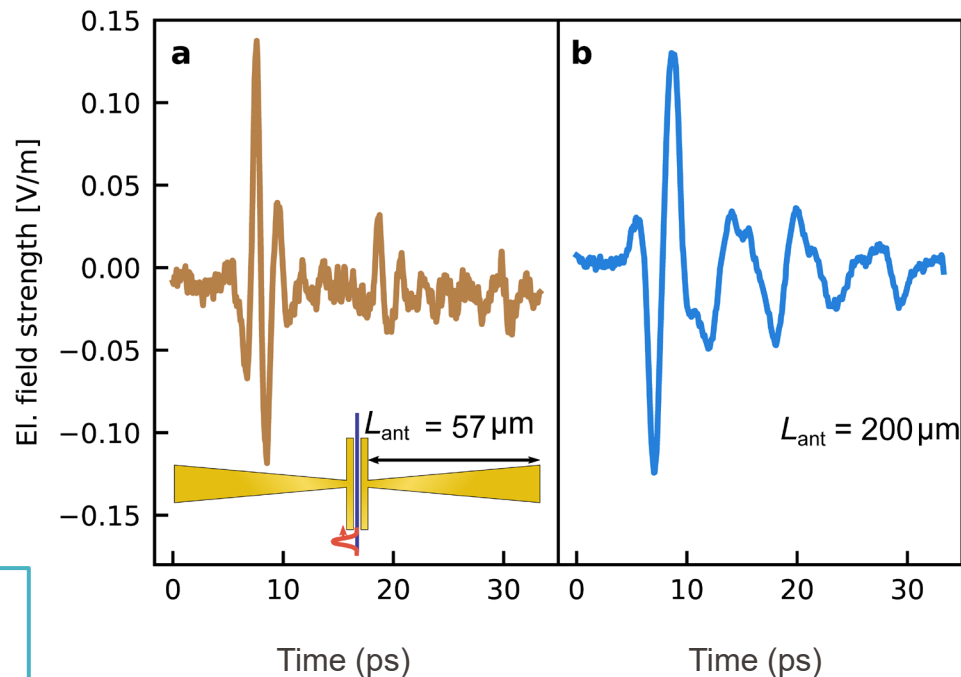
Herter, Shams-Ansari, Settembrini, Warner, Faist, Loncar and Benea-Chelmus, Nature Communications 14, 11 (2023)

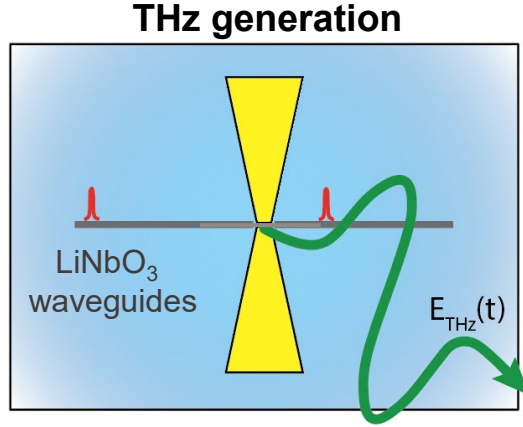


- custom tailoring of emission spectrum by antenna design
- engineered farfield

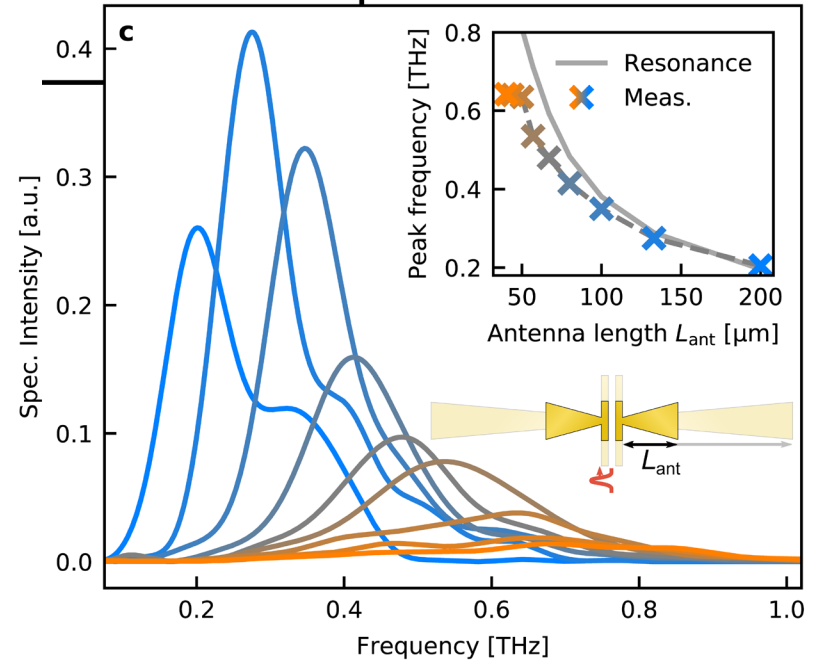


- custom tailoring of emission spectrum by antenna design
- engineered farfield: ~ 0.1 V/m



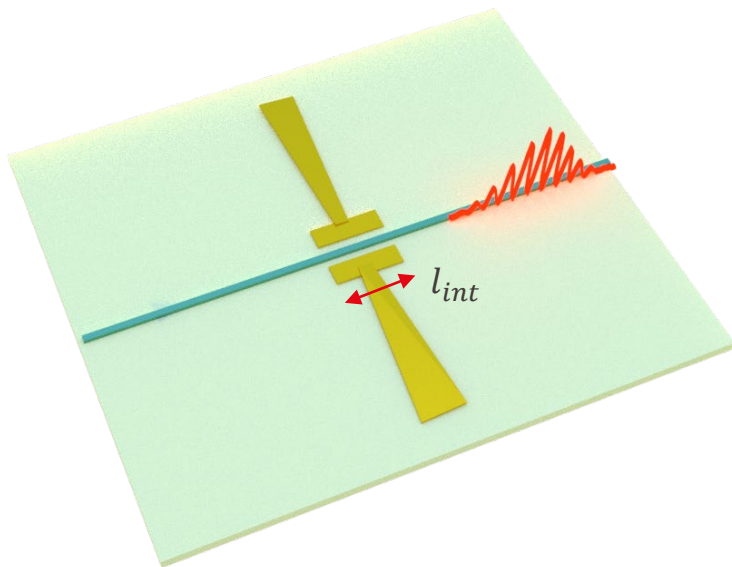


- Emission up to 680 GHz

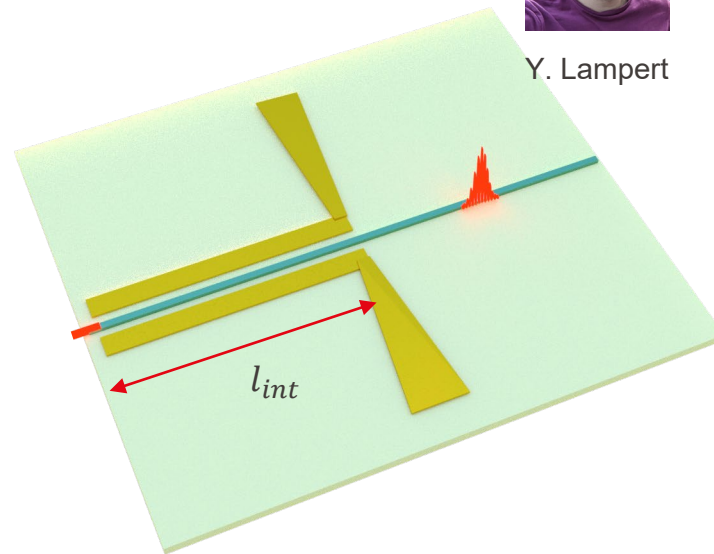




Y. Lampert



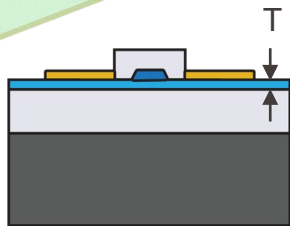
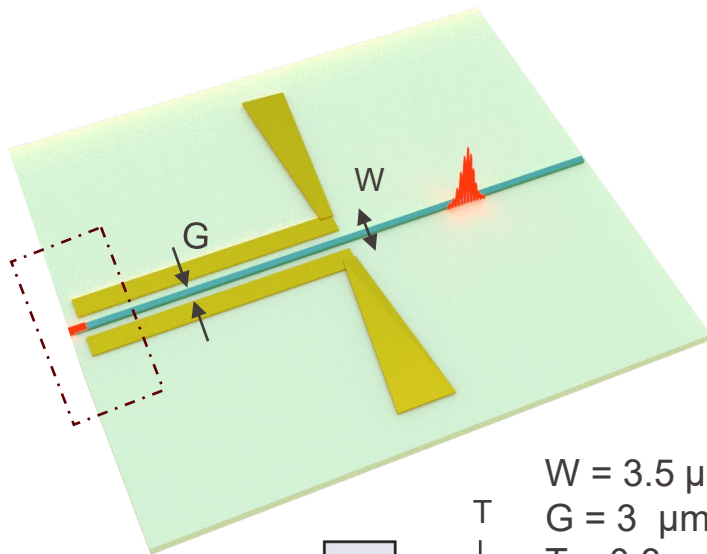
$$< \frac{\lambda_{THZ}}{2}$$



$$\gg \lambda_{THZ}$$

interaction length l_{int}

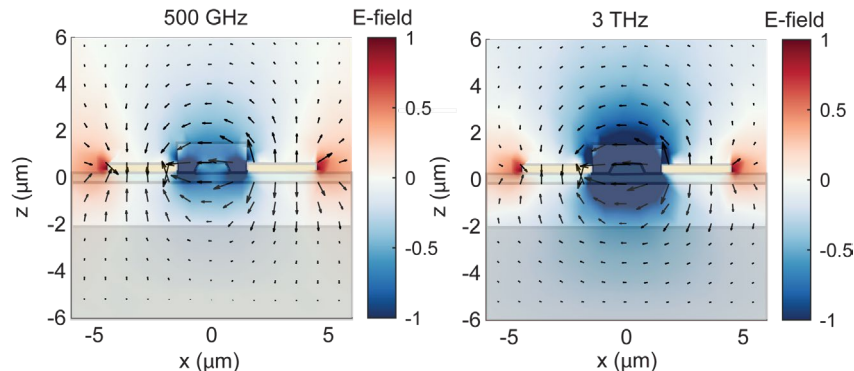
Phase-matched terahertz transmission lines



■ LiNbO3 ■ Au ■ SiO2 ■ HR-Si

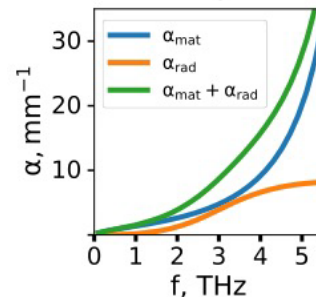
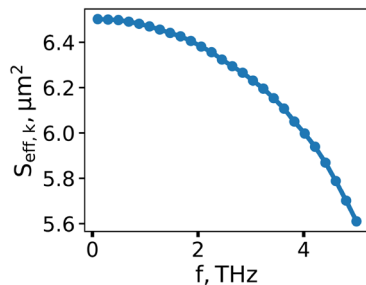
$W = 3.5 \mu\text{m}$
 $G = 3 \mu\text{m}$
 $T = 0.3 \mu\text{m}$

Broadband strip line

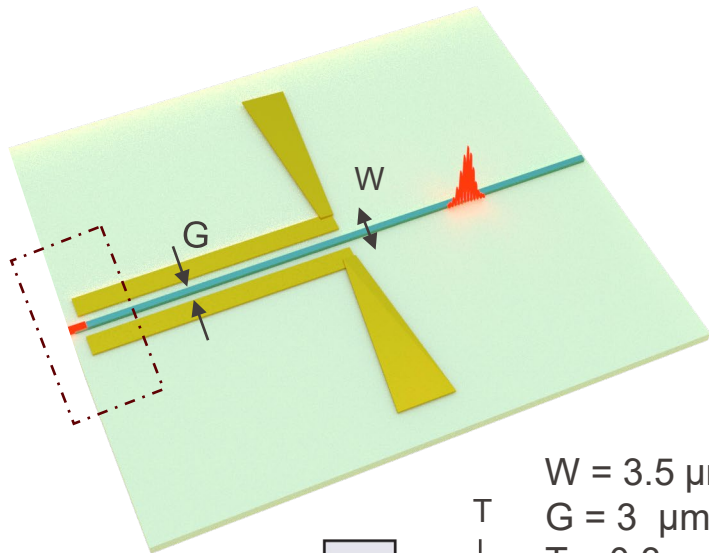


Strongly sub-wavelength confinement **very important!**

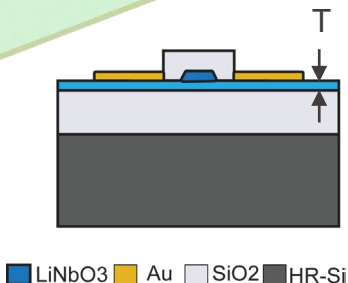
- Low radiative losses



Phase-matched terahertz transmission lines



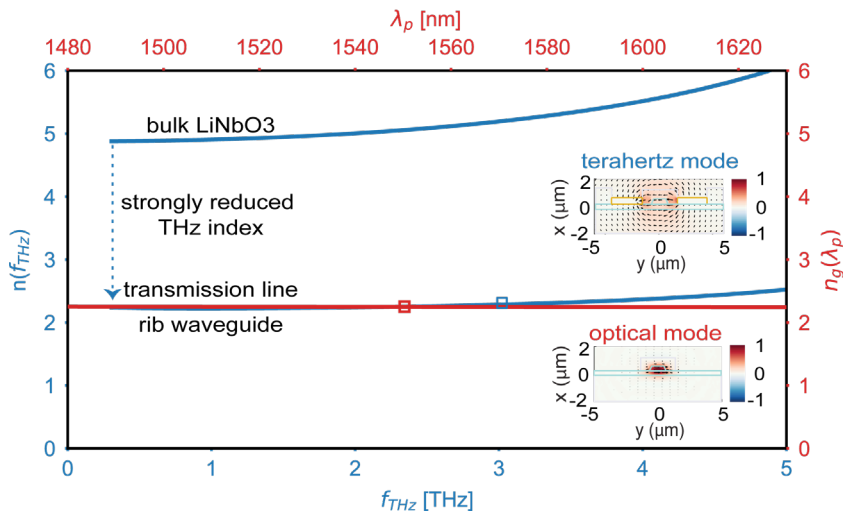
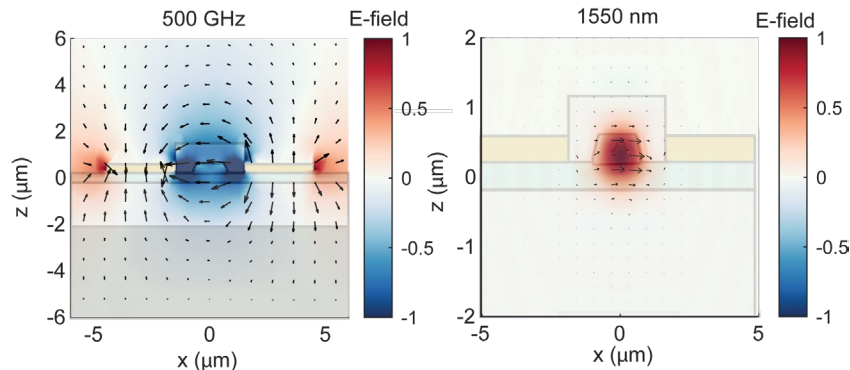
$W = 3.5 \mu\text{m}$
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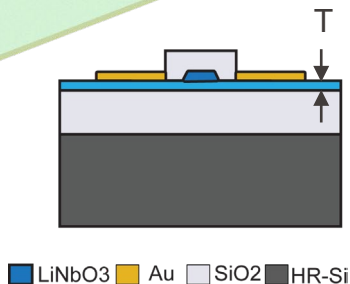
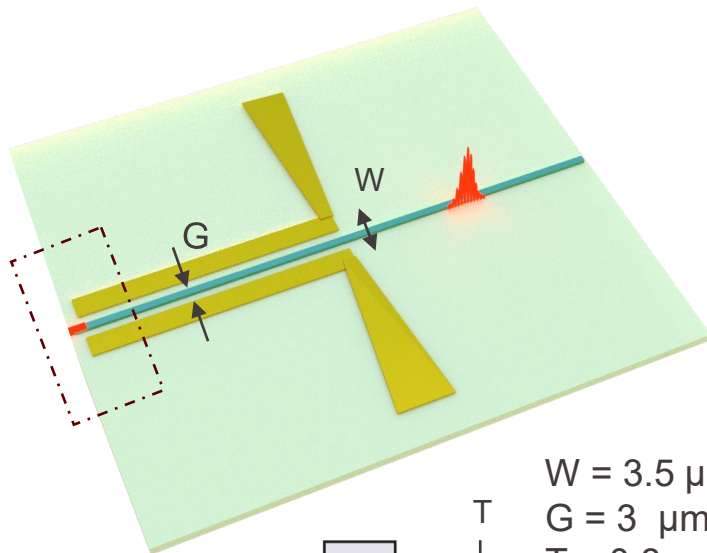


■ LiNbO3 ■ Au ■ SiO2 ■ HR-Si

INTEGRATED TERAHERTZ PHOTONICS

Broadband strip line

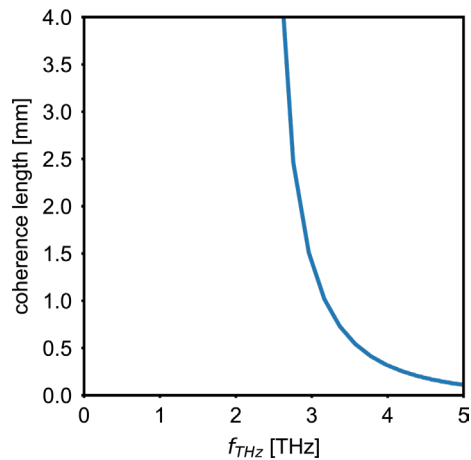
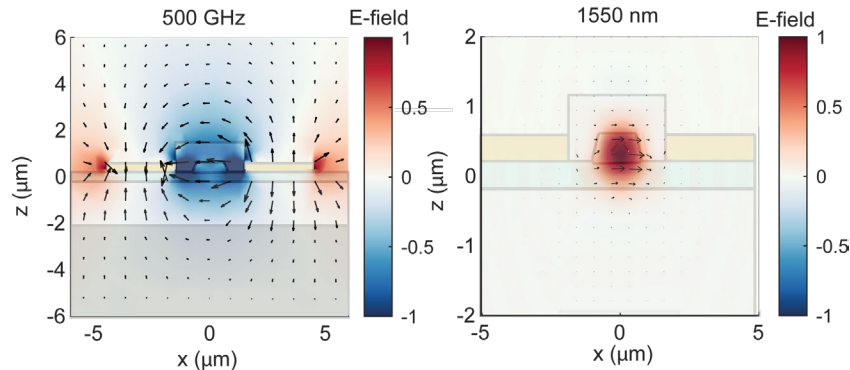


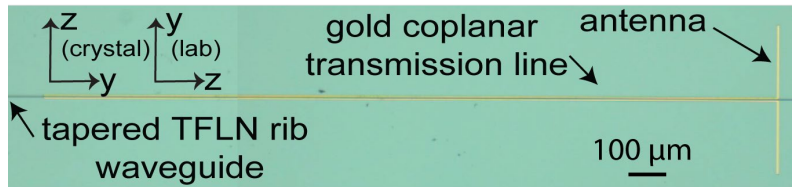
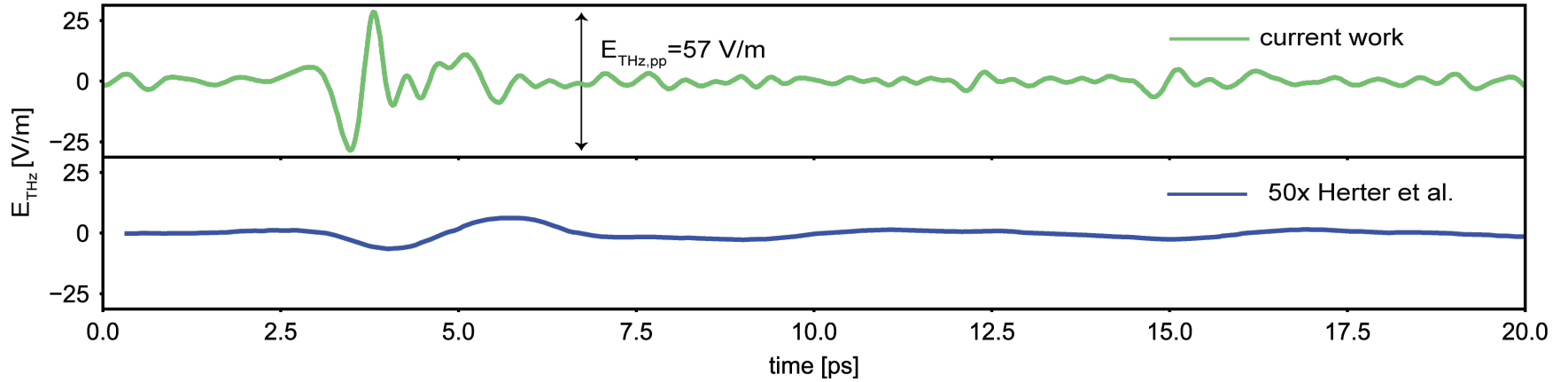


$W = 3.5 \mu\text{m}$
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Broadband strip line



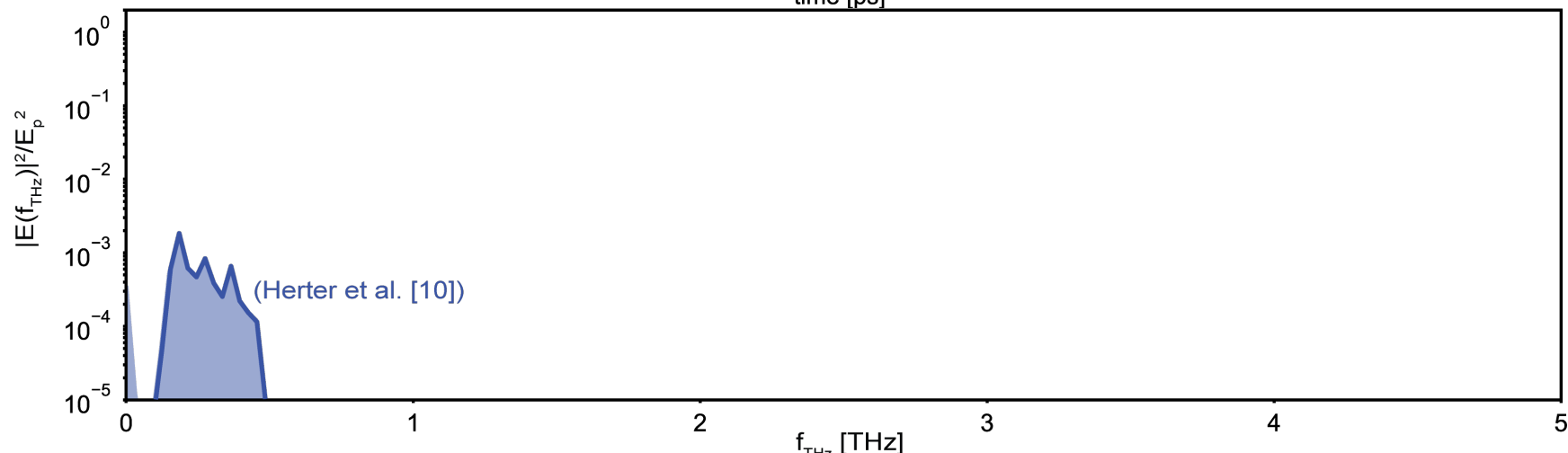
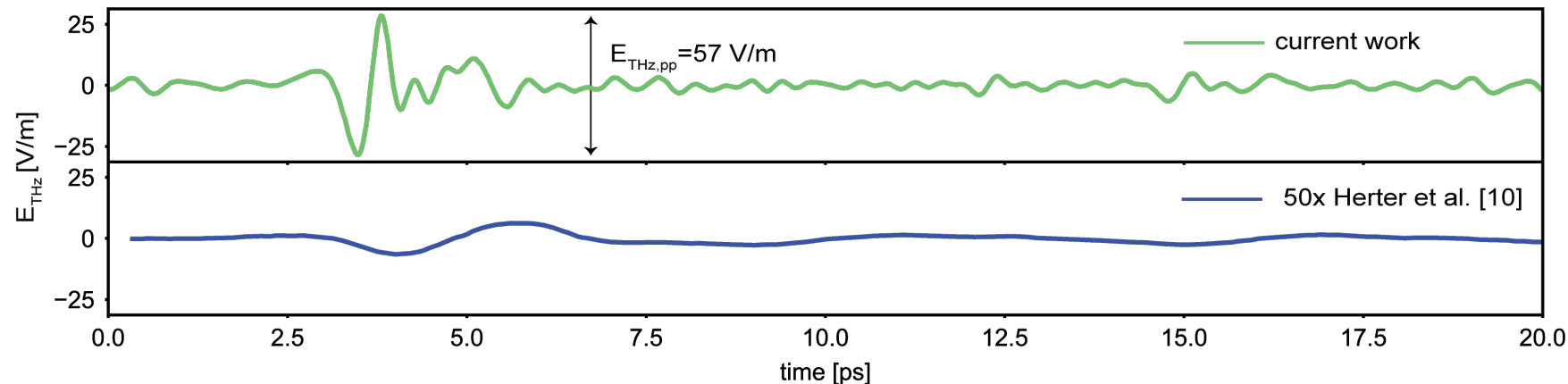


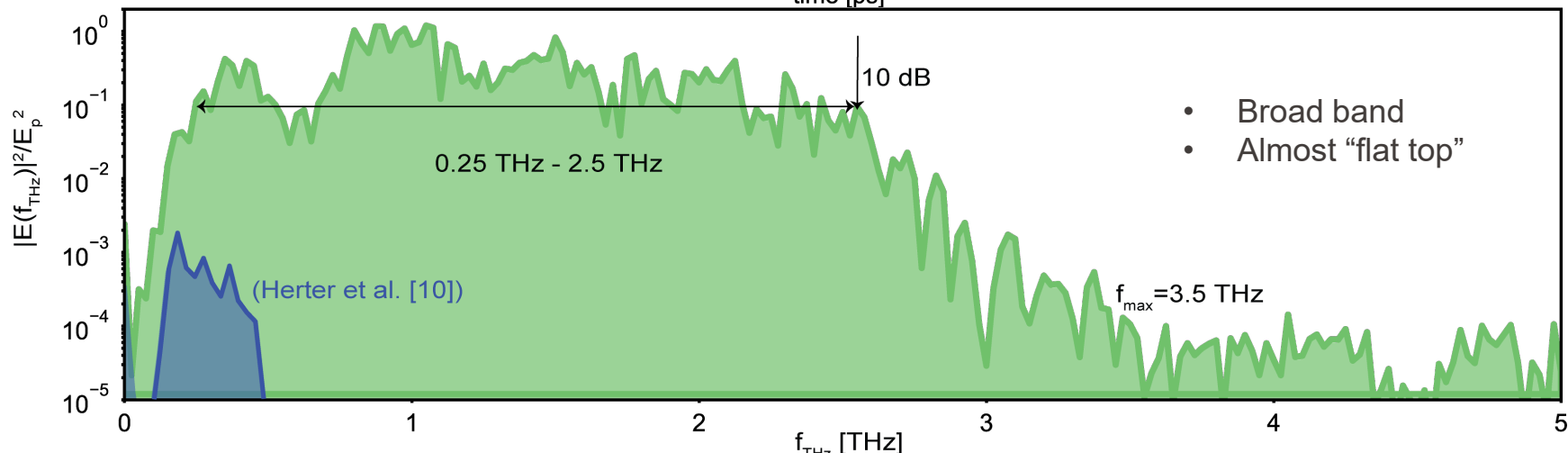
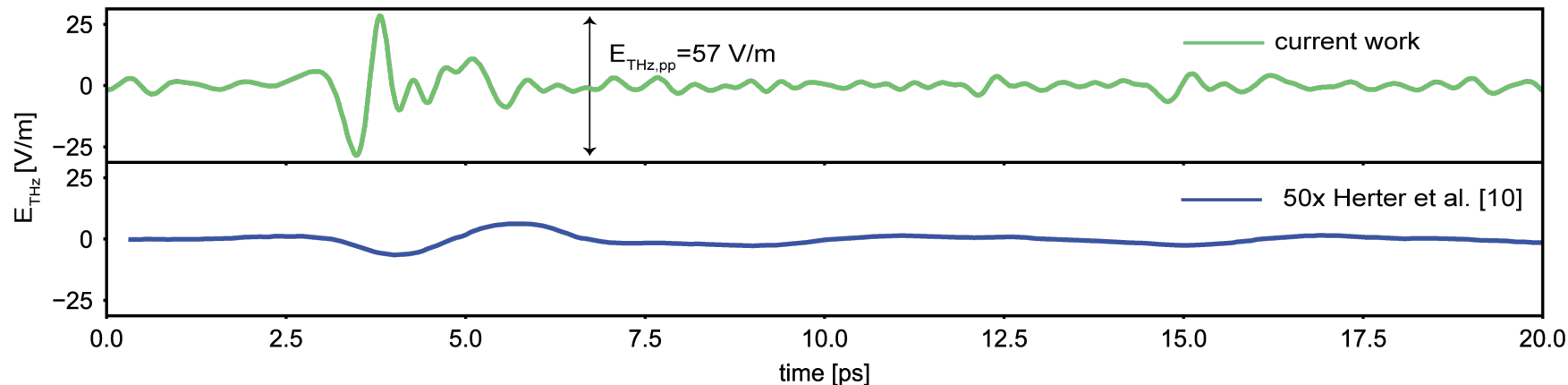
$$J_{\text{pump}} = 50 \text{ pJ}$$

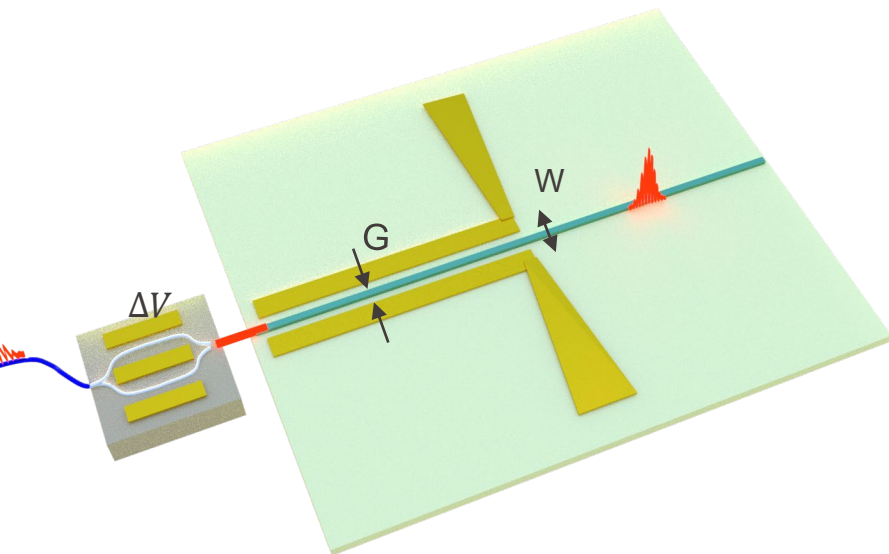
$$\eta = 1000 \frac{\text{V/m}}{\text{nJ}}$$

$$l_{\text{int}} = 2 \text{ mm}$$

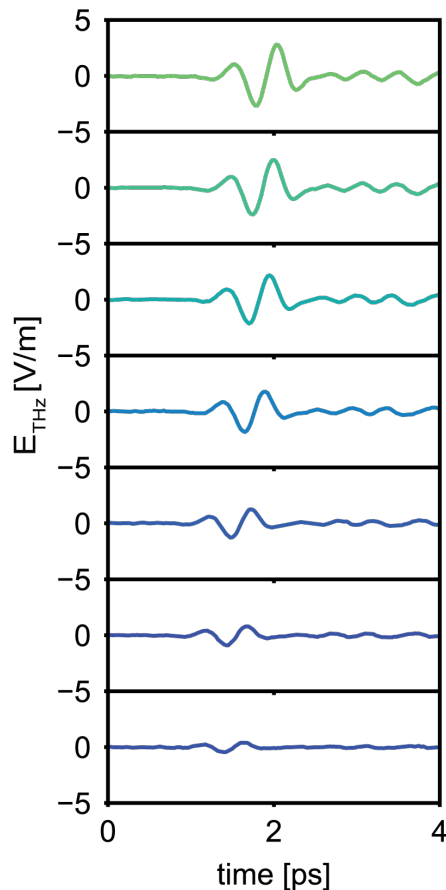
~ 100 x in field amplitude!







Control the intensity of the pump pulse
 -> control the THz amplitude

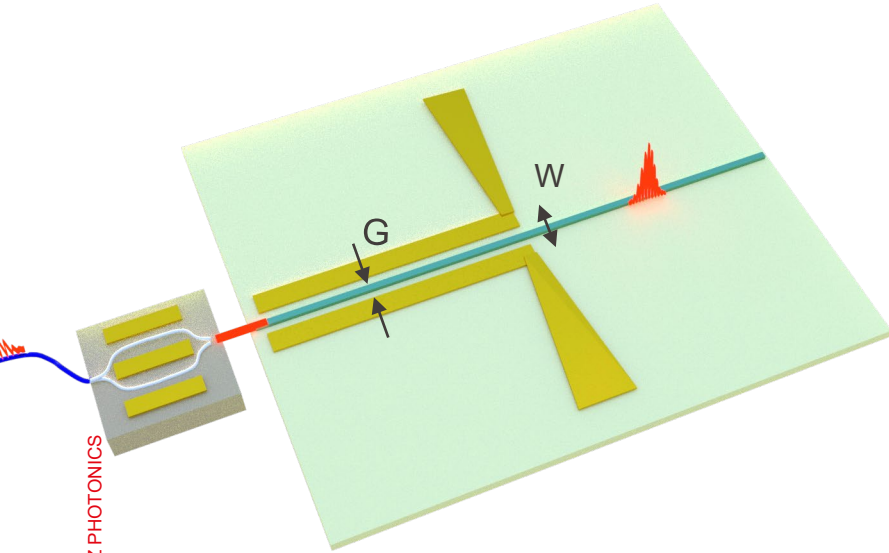


Voltage @ 1 MHz

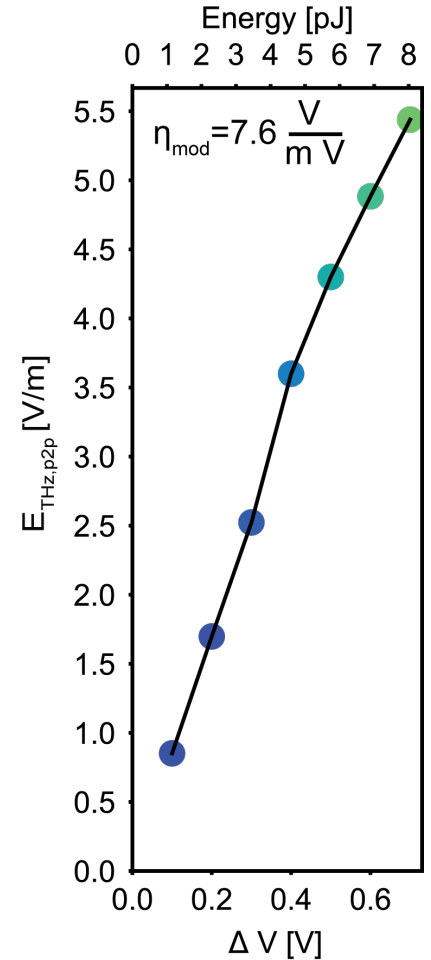
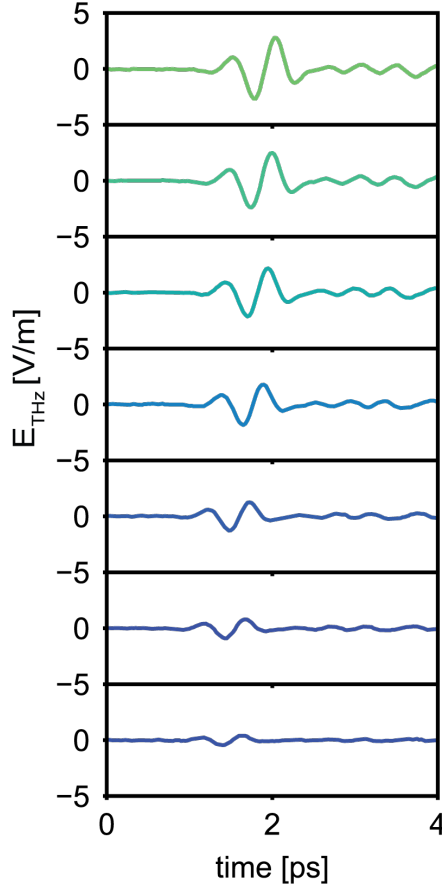


Y. Lampert

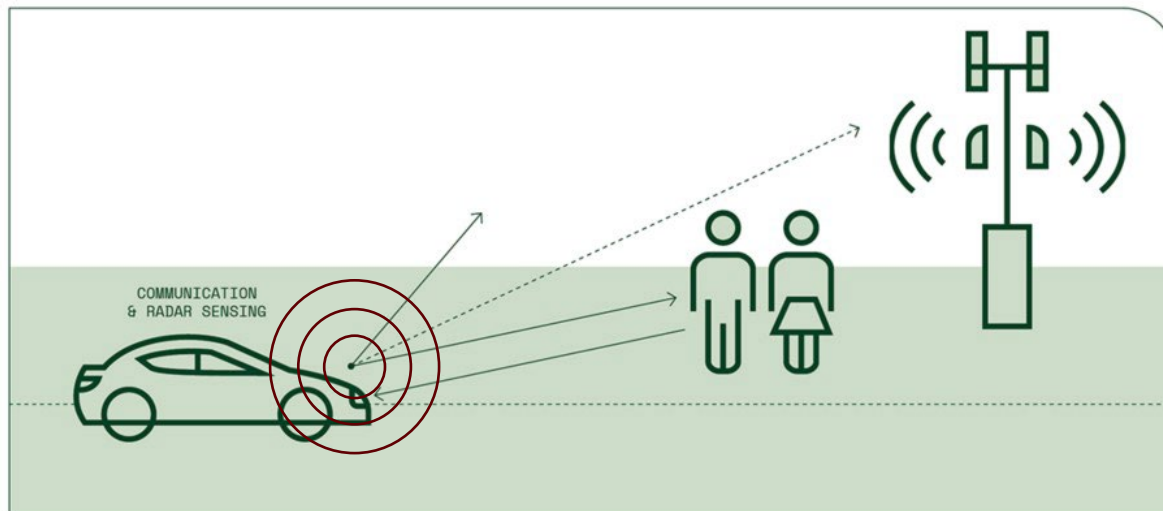
Terahertz transmitter



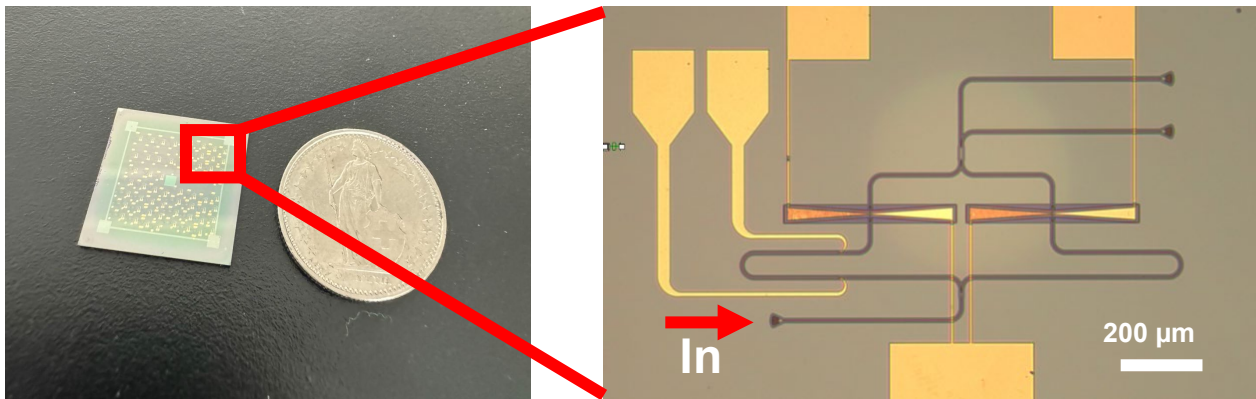
- A terahertz transmitter with continuous amplitude control
- GHz speed analog bandwidth



Vision of 6G : joint communication, sensing and localisation



- Engineering of emitters bandwidth, farfield and modulation.
- What about detection?

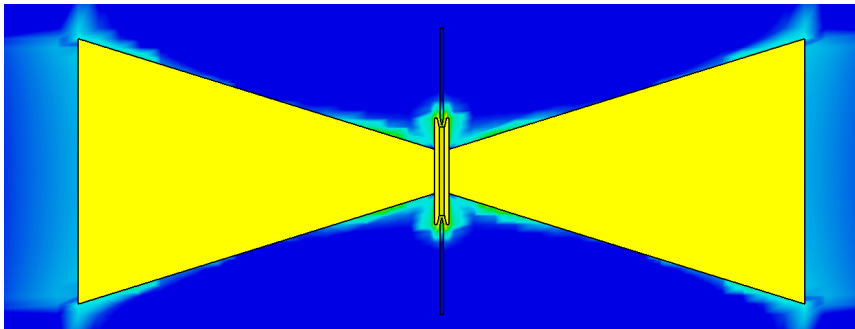
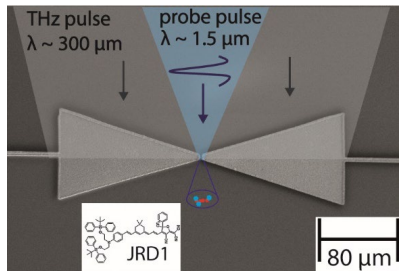
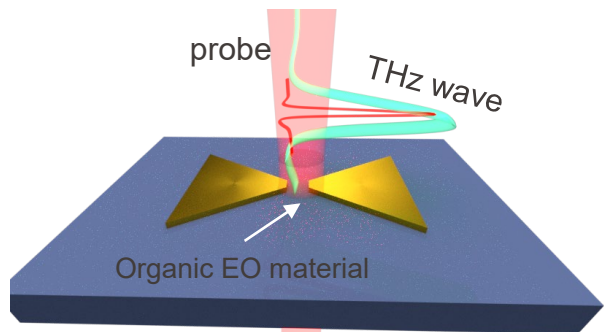


Francesco Bertot

Haffner, C., *et al. Nature Photon* **9**, 525–528 (2015)
Salamin, Y., *et al. Nat Commun* **10**, 5550 (2019)
Ummethala, S., *Nat. Photonics* **13**, 519–524 (2019)

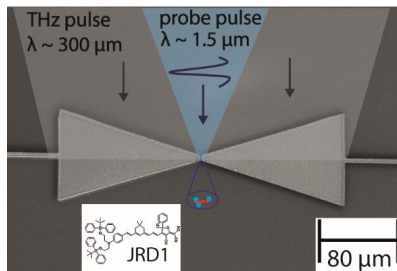
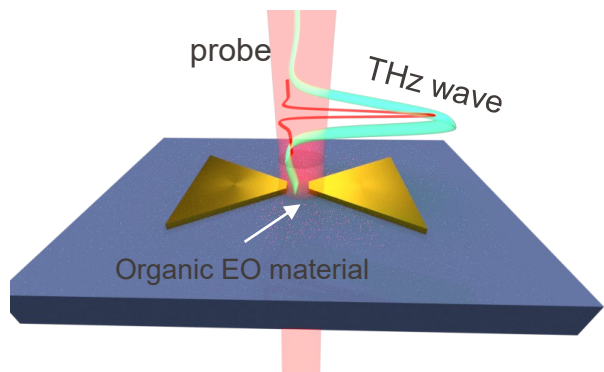
2. Terahertz detection in low-power and compact silicon-organic chips

Free-space optical light

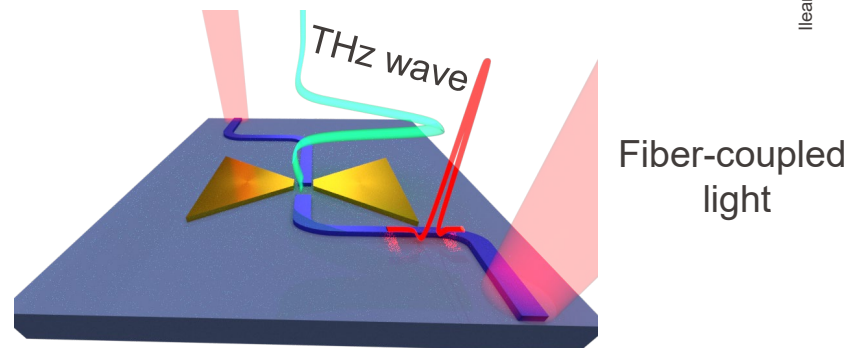


- Good cavity confinement of the terahertz wave
- High r33 by organic material
- Difficult to pass the optical light through the antenna gap

Free-space optical light

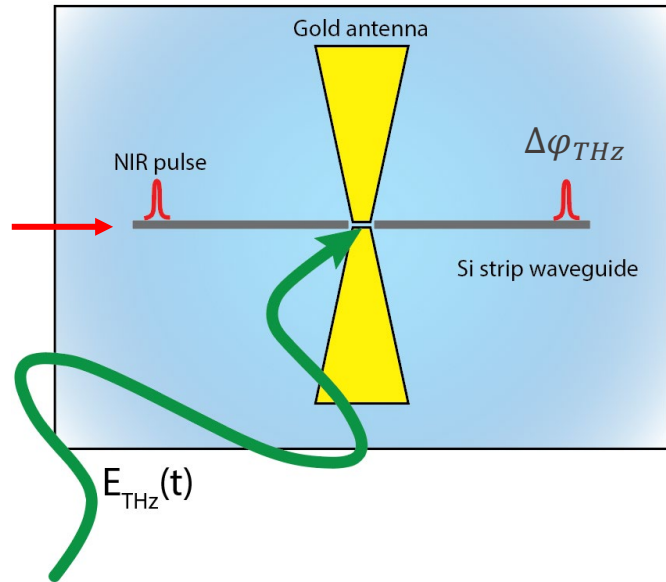


Guided optical light

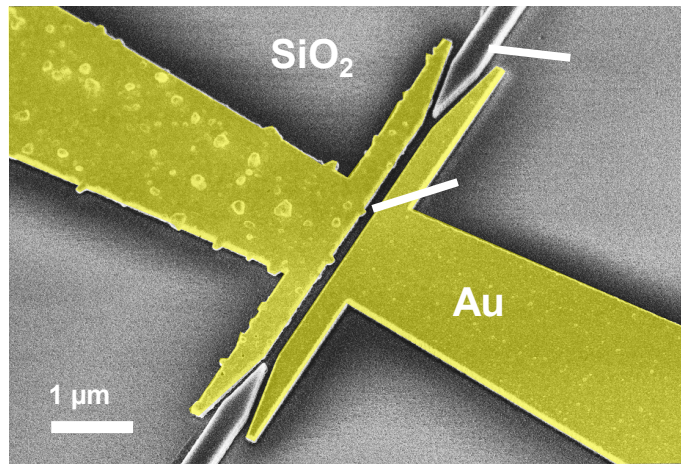


Interaction region defines all important parameters:
Overlap, field enhancement, losses and interaction time!

Integrated THz EO sampling



- Cross propagation
- **phase modulation** of probe

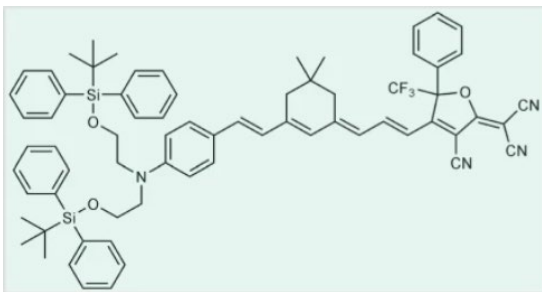


$$\Delta\phi_{THZ}(t) \propto \Gamma_c \cdot L \cdot n_g \cdot r_{33} \cdot E_{THZ}(t)$$

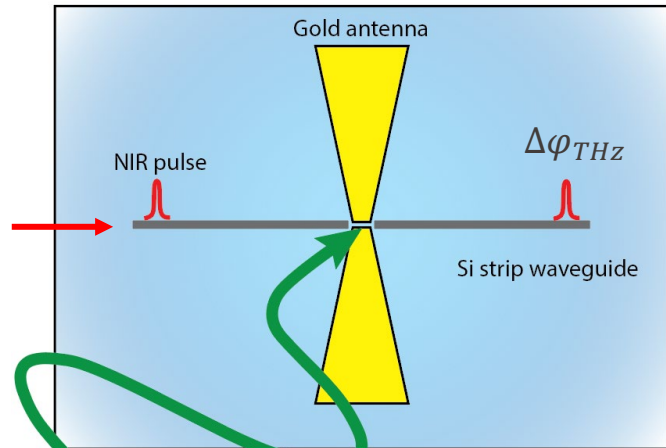
↓
Addition of non-linear polymer
JRD1

←

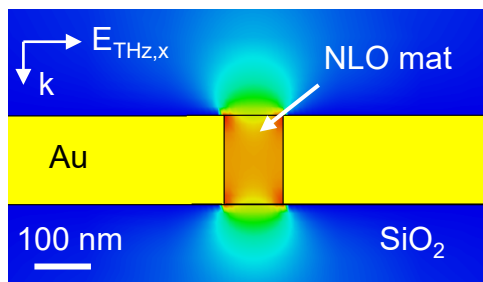
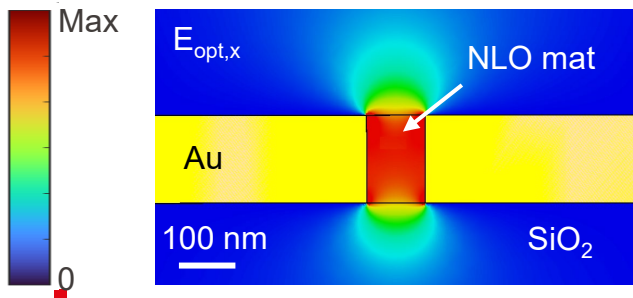
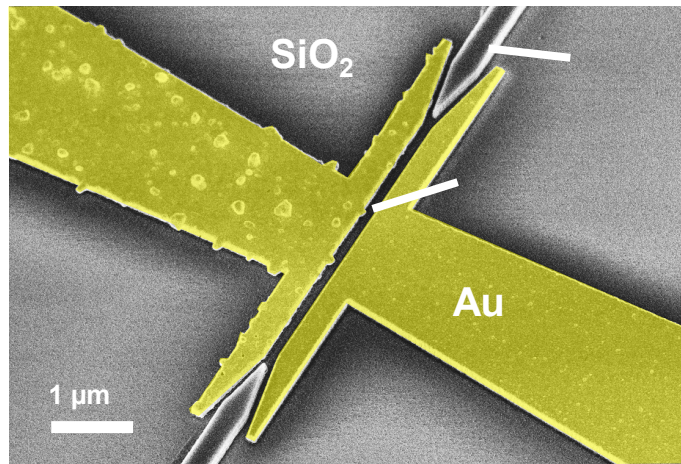
$$r_{33} = 120 \frac{pm}{V} \left(\gg 4 \frac{pm}{V} \text{ for ZnTe} \right)$$



Integrated THz EO sampling



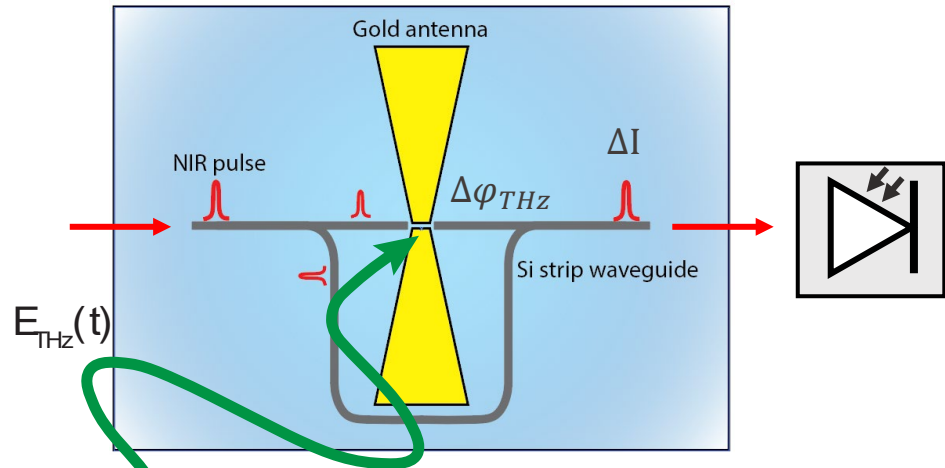
- Cross propagation
- **phase modulation** of probe



$$\Delta\phi_{THZ}(t) \propto \Gamma_c \cdot L \cdot n_g \cdot r_{33} \cdot E_{THZ}(t)$$

THz-probe overlap

Interaction length



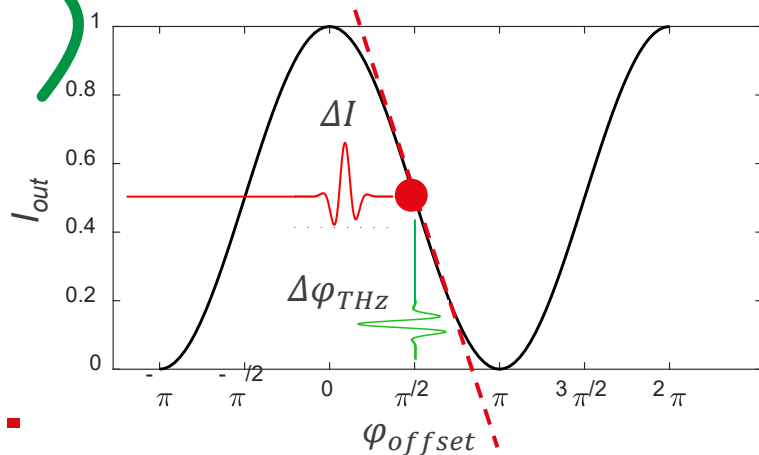
- **Mach-Zehnder interferometer (MZI):**
Converts phase in intensity modulation

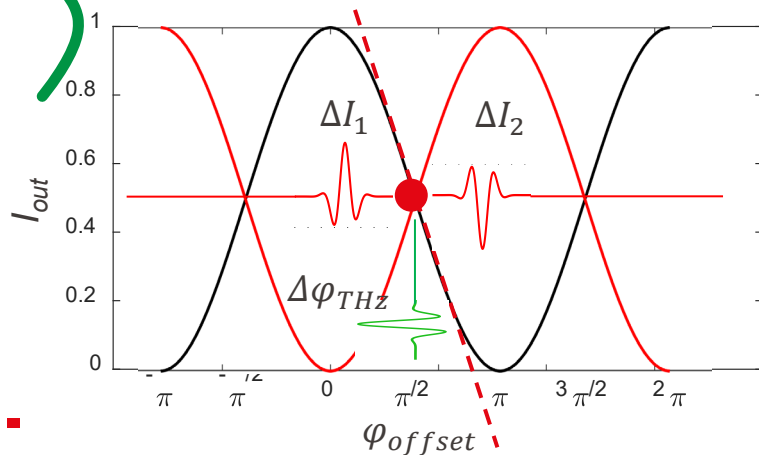
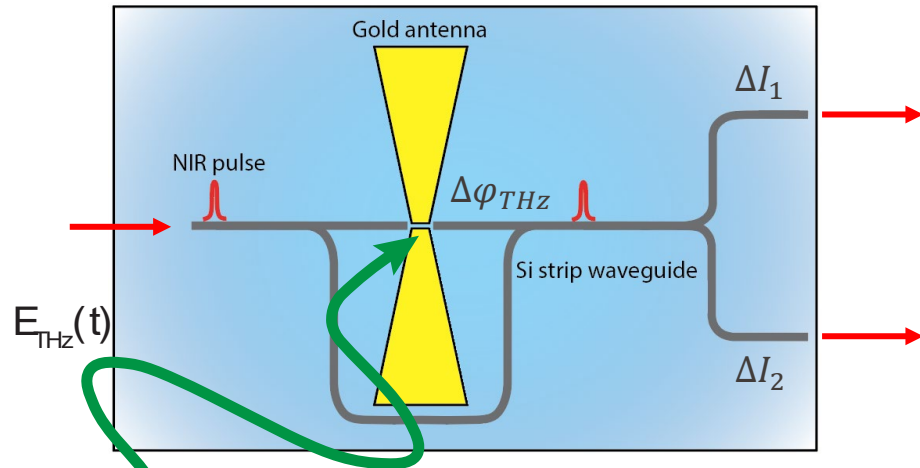
- Output interference:

$$I_{out} \propto \frac{I_{in}}{2} [1 + \cos(\varphi_{offset} + \Delta\varphi_{THZ})]$$

- At quadrature point ($\varphi_{offset} = \pi/2$):

$$\Delta I_{out} \propto I_{in} \Delta\varphi_{THZ}$$





- **Mach-Zehnder interferometer (MZI):**
Converts phase in intensity modulation

- Output interference:

$$I_{out} \propto \frac{I_{in}}{2} [1 + \cos(\varphi_{offset} + \Delta\varphi_{THZ})]$$

- At quadrature point ($\varphi_{offset} = \pi/2$):

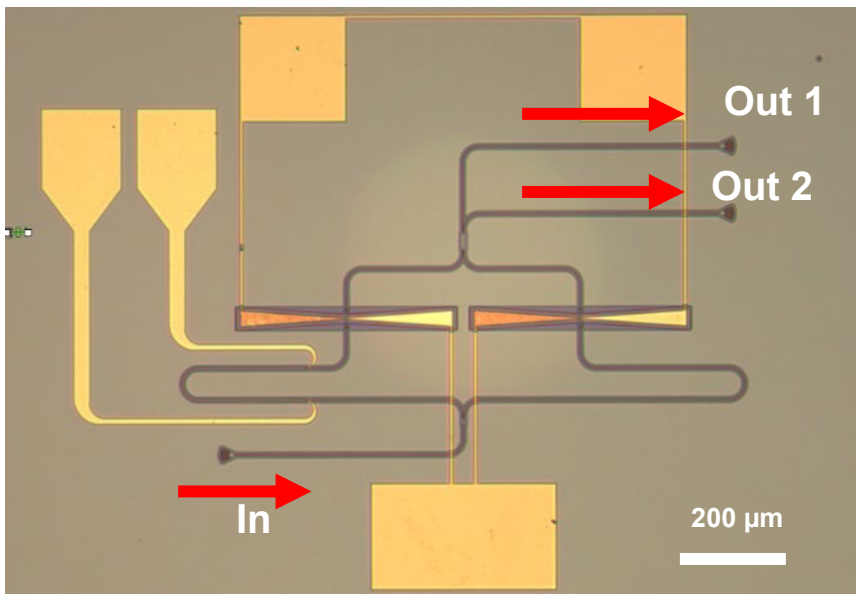
$$\Delta I_{out} \propto I_{in} \Delta\varphi_{THZ}$$

- With two outputs and balanced detection:

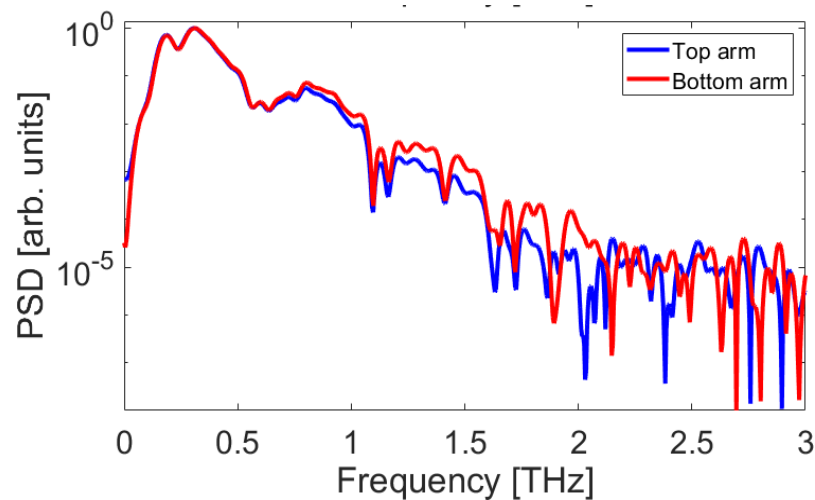
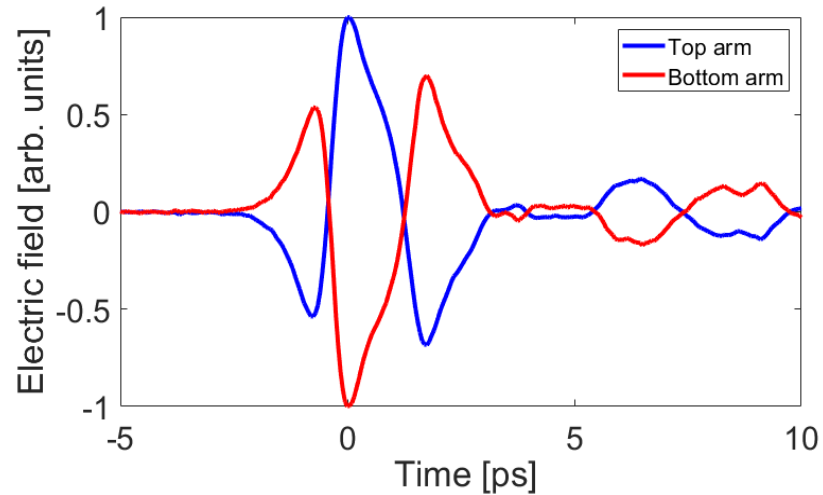
$$\Delta I_{out} \propto 2 I_{in} \Delta\varphi_{THZ}$$

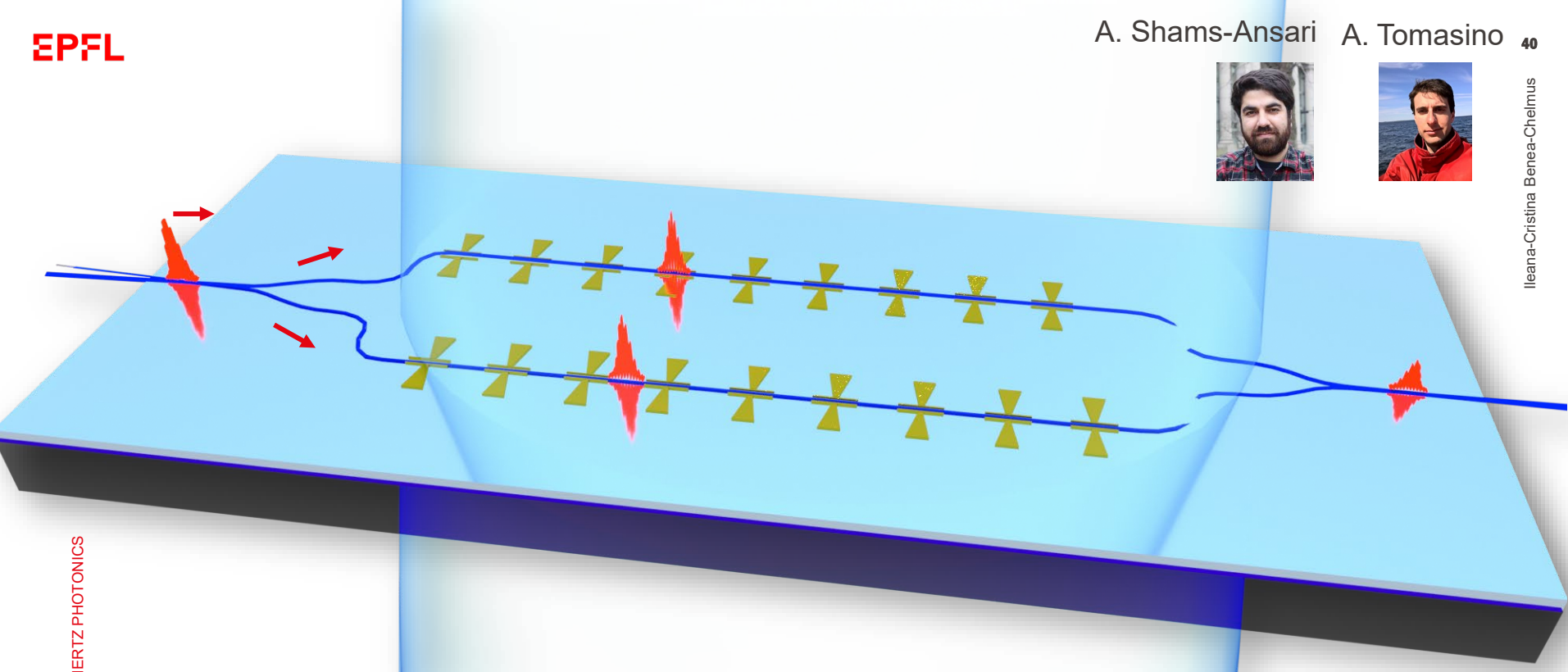
- Obtained adding an output *X-coupler*

EPFL THz sensor



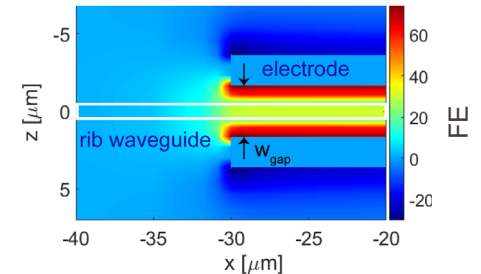
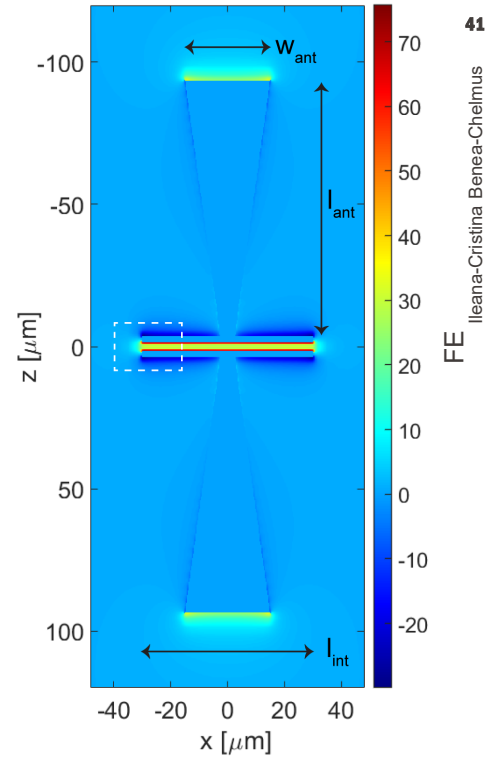
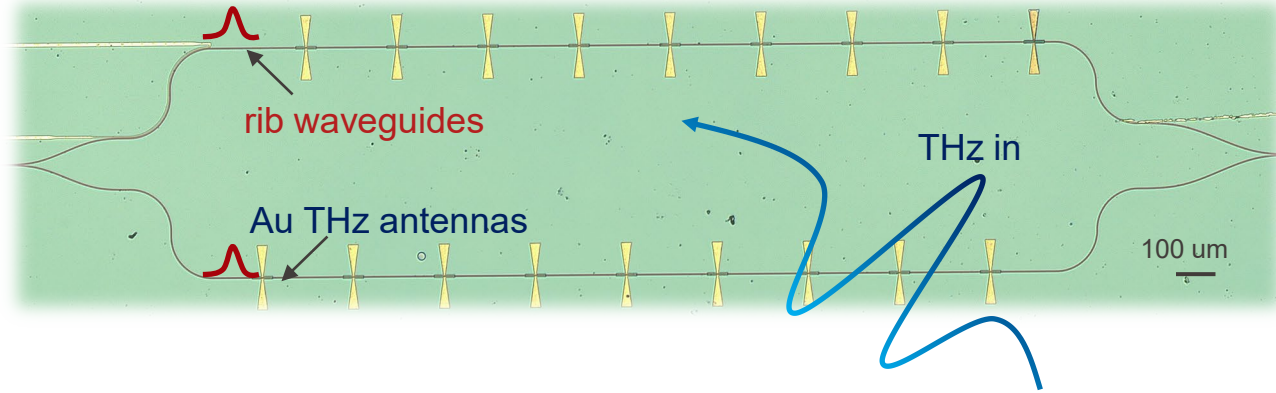
- Bow-tie antenna for broadband operation
- Plasmonic interaction region ($L_{\text{int}} = 5 \mu\text{m}$)
-





3. Detection and beam profiling in millimeter-long lithium niobate circuits

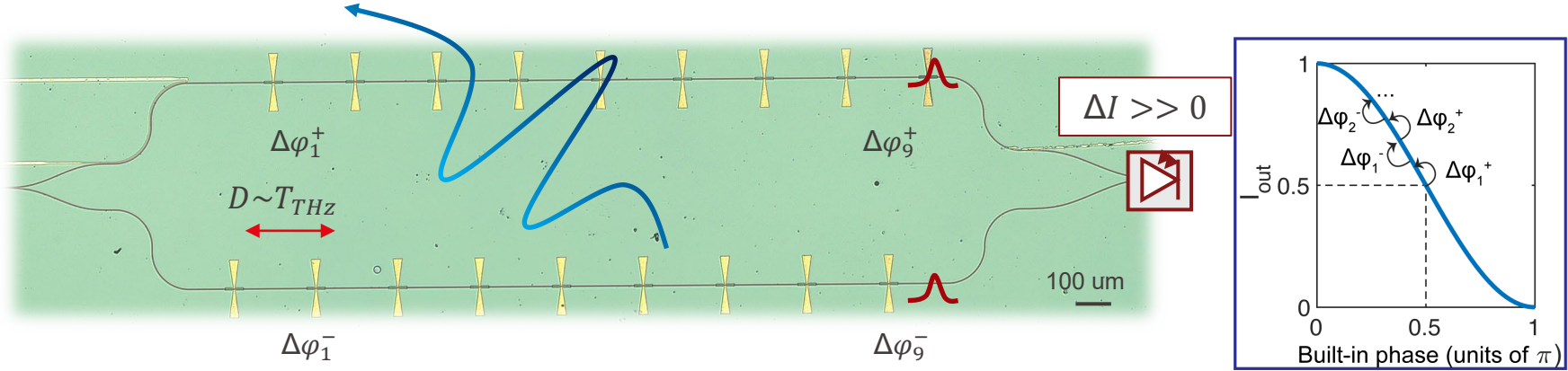
Large area terahertz detector



- **Benefits of TFLN:**
 - Low optical loss (< 0.3 dB/cm): 18 antennas
 - High $r_{33} = 30.9$ pm/V
- **Single antenna: good field enhancement (~ 70) for I_{int}**

$$\Delta\varphi_{THZ}(t) = \frac{1}{2} n_{mat}^2 \cdot \Gamma_c \cdot l_{int} \cdot k_0 \cdot n_g \cdot r_{33} \cdot E_{THZ, gap}(t)$$
- **Collective antenna array benefits**

Large area terahertz detector



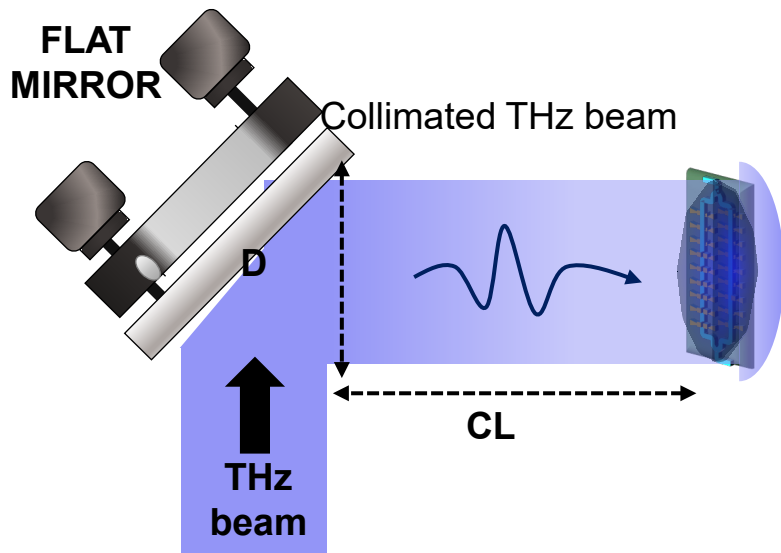
Quasi-phase matching mechanism driven by antenna enhancement

All need same phase to add up

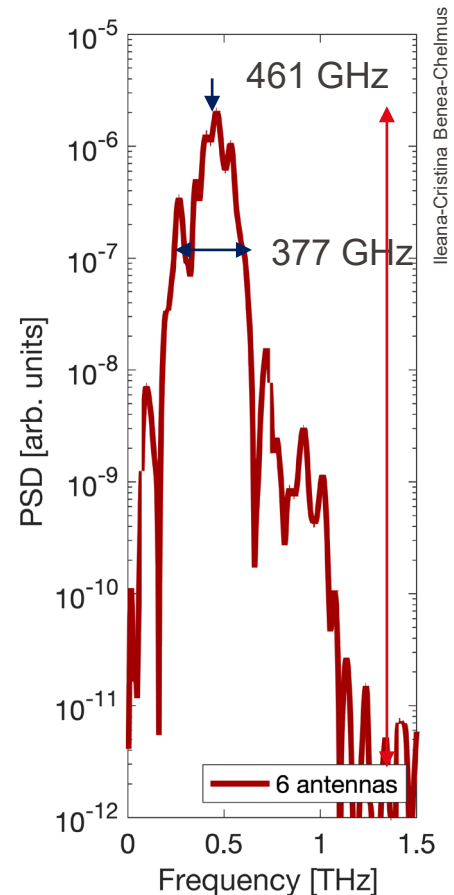
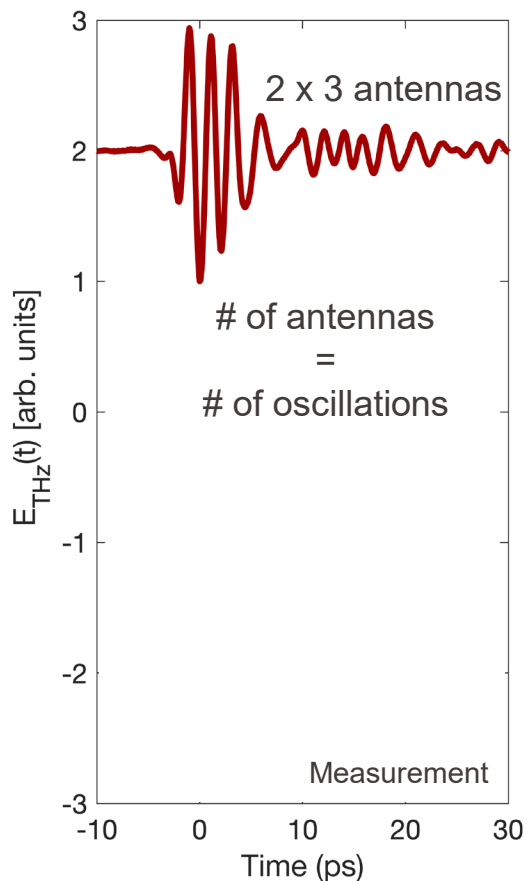


$$\Delta\varphi_{THz}(t) = \frac{1}{2} n_{mat}^2 \cdot \Gamma_c \cdot L \cdot k_0 \cdot n_g \cdot r_{33} \cdot (E_{THz}^1(t) + E_{THz}^2(t + \Delta T) + E_{THz}^3(t + 2\Delta T)) + \dots$$

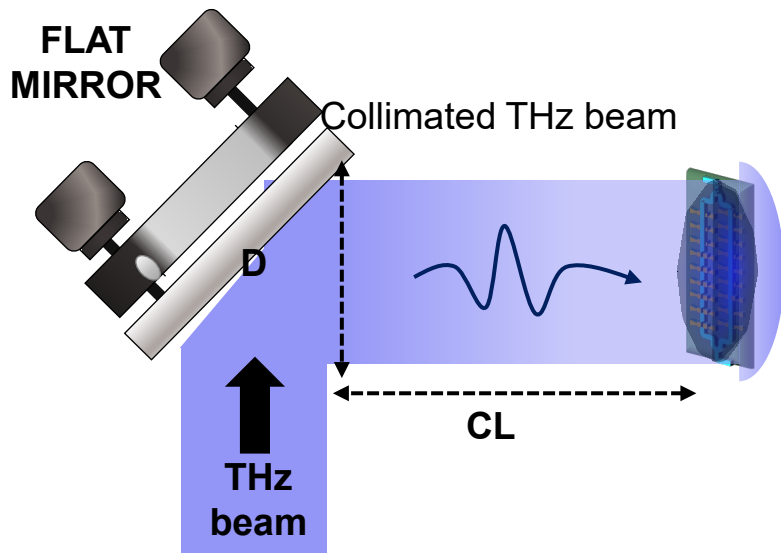
Quasi-phase matching



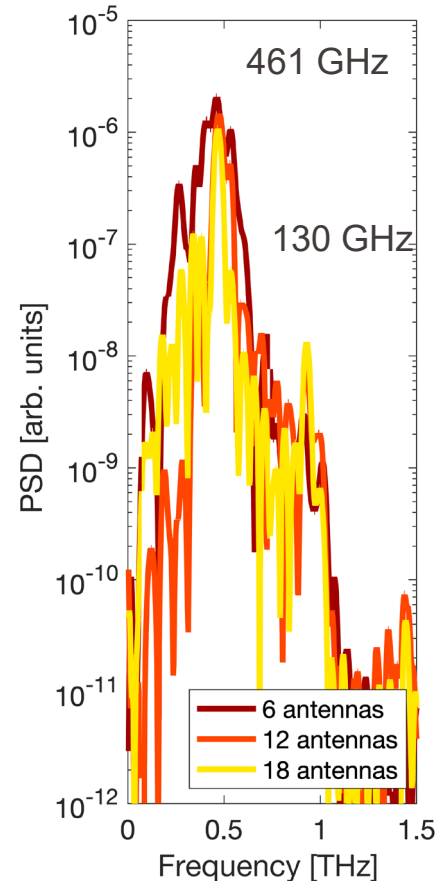
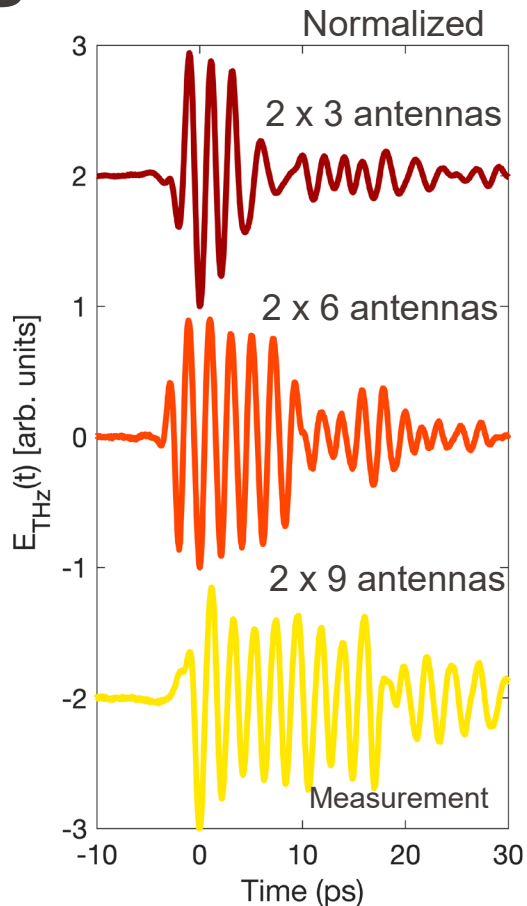
@ 100 uW probe power

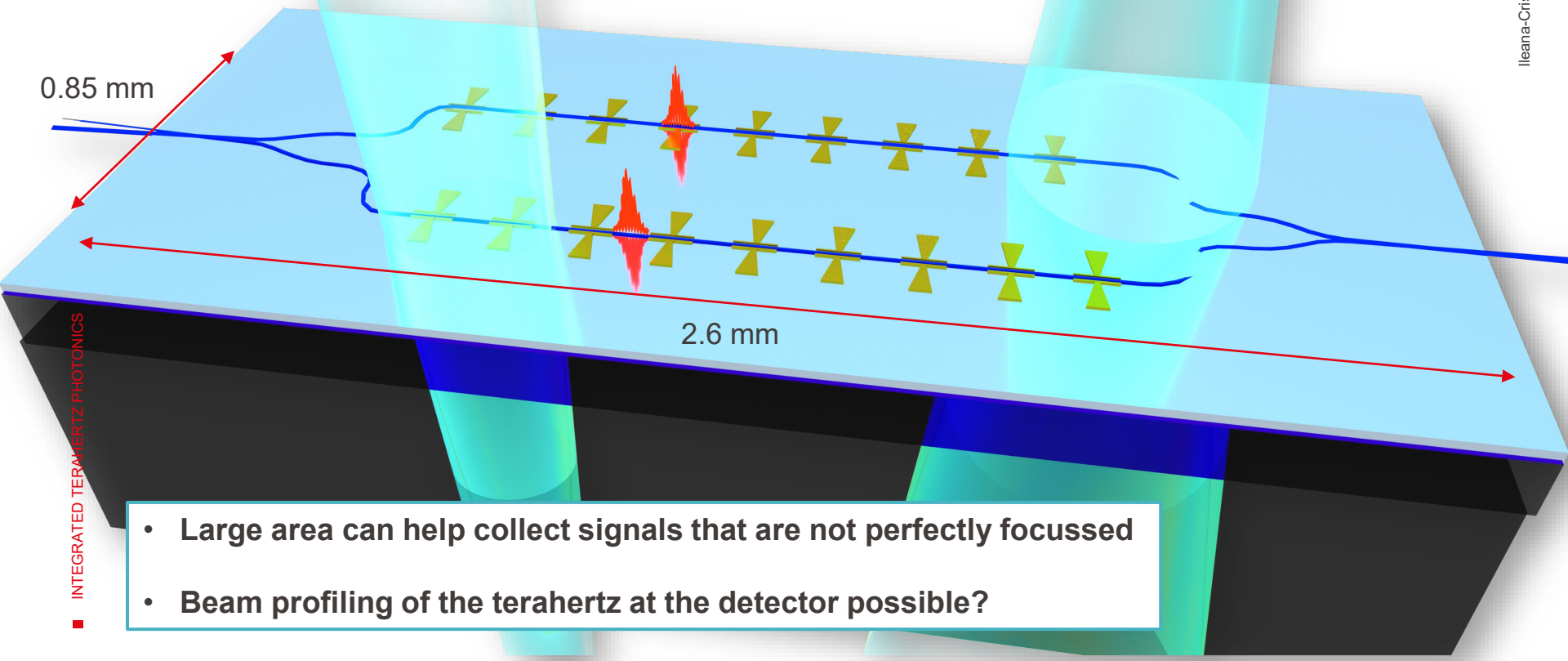


Quasi-phase matching

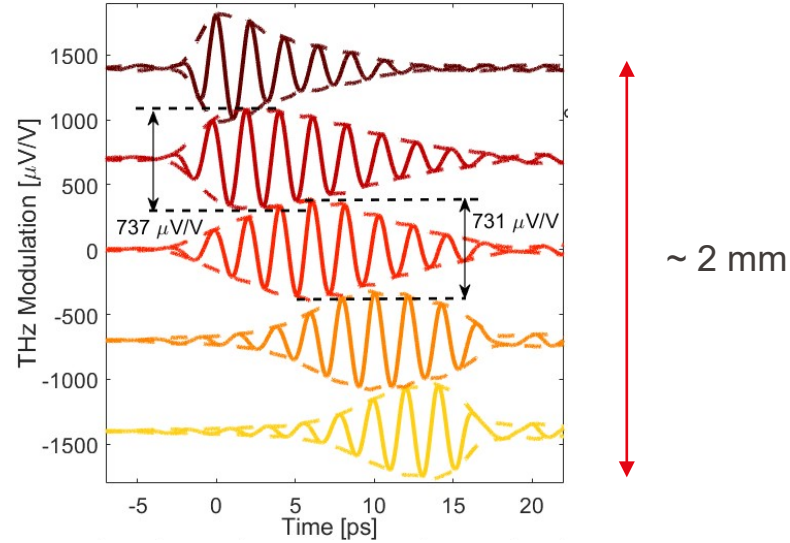
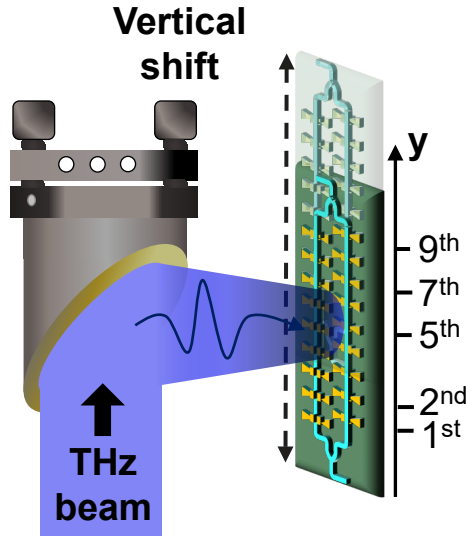


- Narrowing spectrum:
 - Insensitive to out-of band signals



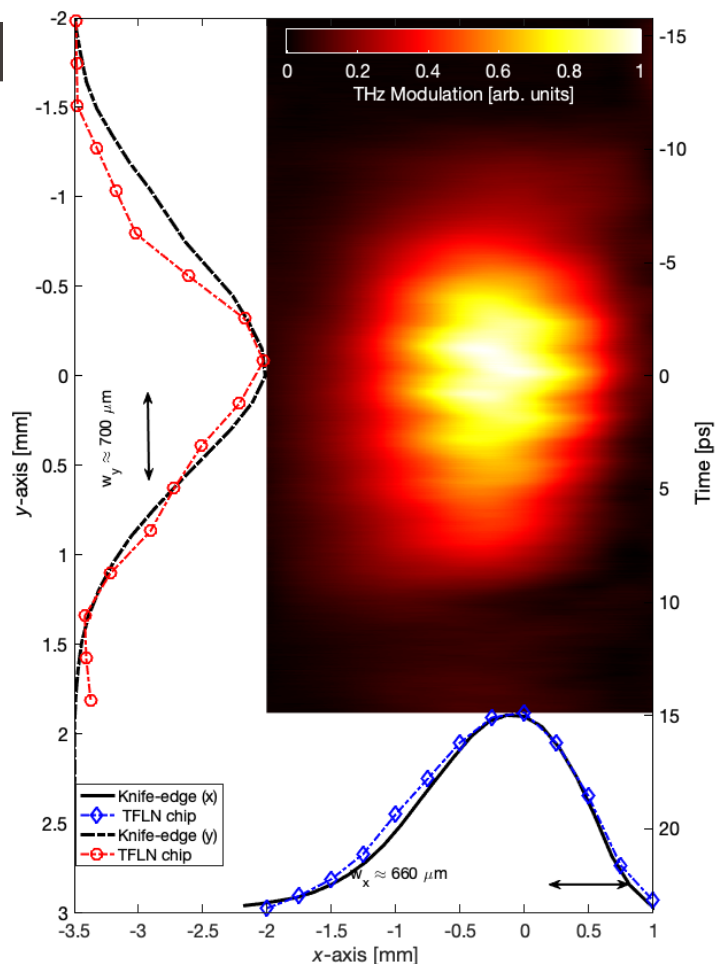
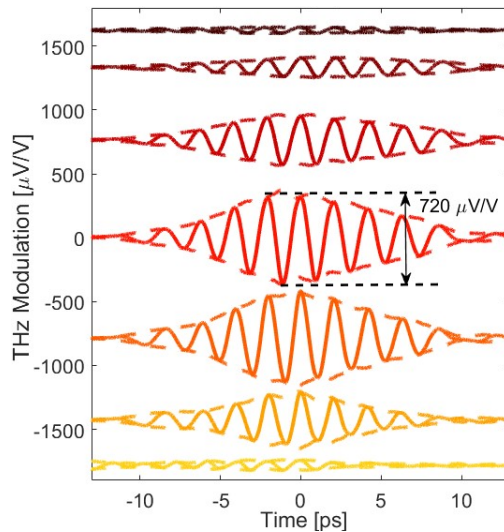
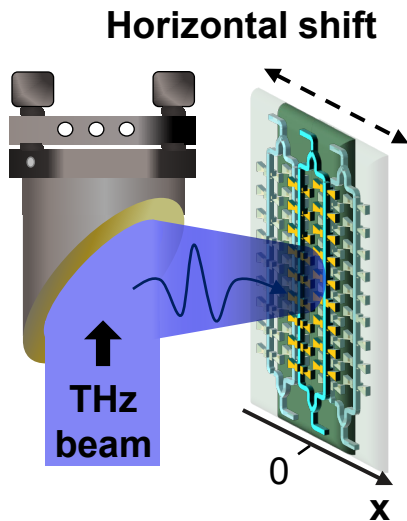


Sensitivity to exact illumination



- **Modulation strength** ($\eta = 0.7 \text{ mV/V}$)
- One can clearly tell which part of the detector is illuminated (-> hints at spot shape at detector)

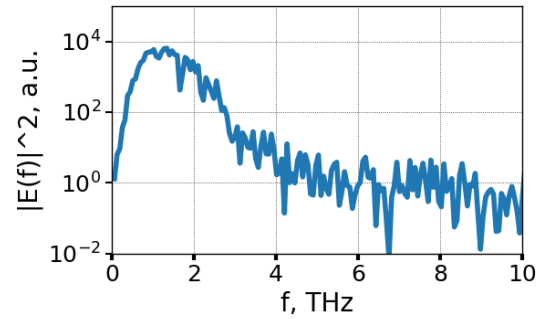
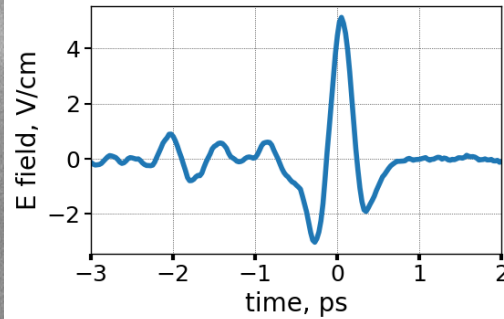
Terahertz beam profiling in TFLN



- Reconstructed spot size confirmed by knife-edge
- Not yet imaging but very exciting!



4. Terahertz generation in using spintronic layers



$$J_{\text{pump}} = 10 \text{ nJ}$$

$$\eta = 60 \frac{\text{V/m}}{\text{nJ}}$$

Collaborators

Present



Past



European Research Council
Established by the European Commission

Harvard Loncar group (SEAS)



M. Loncar



A. Shams-Ansari



S. Rajabali



Mathias
Vanwolleghem



Nicolas Tiercelin

Geoffrey Lezier



Sukhdeep Dhillon

ETHZ Faist group (PHYS)



J. Faist

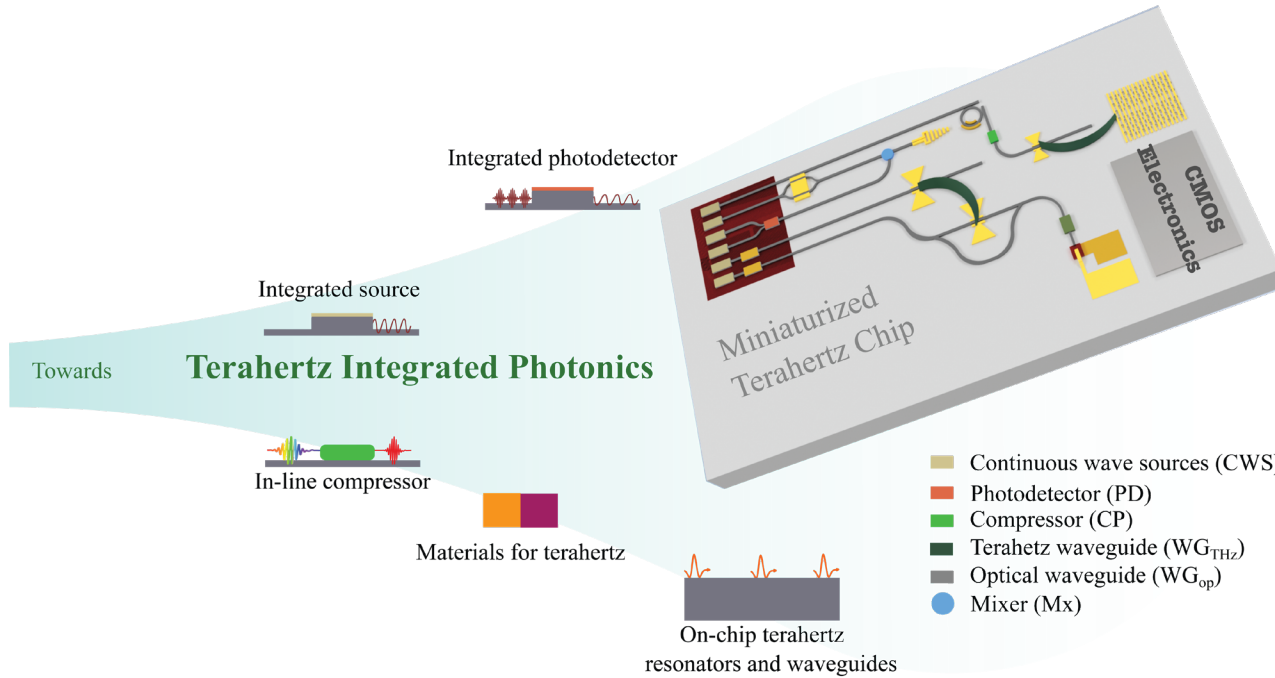


A. Herter



F. Settembrini

Thank you for your kind attention!



S. Rajabali & I.C.B.C., "Present and future of terahertz integrated photonic devices", *APL Photonics* **8**, 8 (2023)

